

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية والراى،

land is under the control of the Israeli authoprities." The EC began direct aid to the occupied territories on an annual basis in 1987 with \$2.6 million, rising to \$15 million last year as well as an exceptional \$50 million package after the 1991 Gulf war.

EC housing project takes off in Gaza

OCCUPIED GAZA STRIP (AFP) — Construction starts Wednesday on a \$20 million project funded by the European Community (EC) to build 700 homes for Palestinians in the Israeli-occupied Gaza Strip, officials

said. EC representatives and consuls from member countries will attend the laying of a founding the 18-month project aimed at first-time, low-income buyers who do not own land. The first 120 units in six-storey blocks are sited around Nusseirat, Maghazi and Deir Al Balah. Another 300 are scheduled for the Gaza area, 120 in Khan Yunis and 120 more from October for Rafah on the border with Empa 120 in Control of the Control

from October for Rafah on the border with Egypt. "This money will solve one per cent of the housing problems in Gaza and cannot be a real solution to the problem," said Abdul Salam Zumut, who sits on the

14-member council. Potential buyers have to find a deposit of between

14-member council. Folential puyers have to find a deposit of octword \$3,000 and \$5,000. The council which offers a 20-year mortgage with average monthly repayments of \$100, will plough money back into new projects. "We hope the EC will offer further support in the future," Mr. Zakut said. "Housing is difficult because we don't have much land. Most

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AMMAN TUESDAY, JUNE 29, 1993 MUHARRAM 9, 1414

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J.N. extends leadline for Jordan

MMAN (Petra) — The United lations Security Council has pproved a Jordanian request to xtend the deadline given to ordanians affected by the Gulf risis to apply for compensation ill the beginning of October, coording to Labour Minister haled Eghzawi, who heads the igher committee of compensaor for Gulf returnees.

anel to study water roblem

MMAN (Petra) — Minister of nterior Salamah Hammad, who : also head of the Higher Public afety Committee Monday deided to set up a committee to xamine and inspect the problem f pollution and waste water leakge into valleys in the Amman rea. The committee which will e headed by the Amman gov-mor, and which will include entatives of the Ministry of peresentatives of the Manusco, the leath, Ministry of Water, the loyal Scientific Society (RSS), nd the director of the Amman was asked to submit reorts on these problems to Mr. lammad as soon as possible.

(abul ceasefire nonitors give up

JUBAL (AFP) — The ceasefire nonitoring commission set up in var-torn Kabul to help preserve he fragile peace in the Afghan apital has been dissolved due to ontinued violations of the truce. commission member said Monlay. "The ceasefire commission mished on Saturday because of he daily shelling of the capital," Jeneral Muslim said.

League stand on boycott unchanged

ABU DHABI (R) - The Arab League boycott of Israel remains inchanged even though some nember countries have relaxed estrictions, a league official said Monday. Arab League Assistant ecretary General for Economic office Yusef Nimatallah said its issuan depended on a peace ettlement between the Arabs nd Israel. "As far as the league concerned there is no change. he Arab League has no teeth to ite anyone. They (member tates) are sovereign and do hings on their own," he told

Tuke, duchess of 'ork formally eparate

ONDON (R) — Britain's duke nd duchess of York, Queen Eliabeth's second son Prince indrew and the flame-haired arah Ferguson, formally sepate Monday. A Buckingham stranged couple, two of the oyal house of Windsor's most onspicuous socialites, had comleted discussions with lawyers at no details of the arrangenents would be made public.

Release of jailed **Britons now stalled**

ONDON (AP) — Britain's sup-ort for the American missile thack on Baghdad has set back forts to release three Britons ailed in Iraq, an Iraqi diplomat aid Monday. Zaid Haidar, Iraq's mbassador to the European Community, said there were many positive and good signs" negotiations to release three en convicted of illegally enterthis hatred feeling, among the ragi population I think no one an talk about this," Mr. Haidar

30snian army has chemical weapons'

AGREB (AFP) — The mainly dustim Bosnian army is in posession of 23 chemical bombs, the aily Vjesnik reported Monday Noting Bosnian military and diddle Eastern sources. The twspaper said the bombs were art of a lot of weapons stolen everal years ago from a chanese army depot and trans-Orted to Bosnia via Syria by a urkish humanitarian organizaon. Five unidentified chemcial terons experts accompanied combs and are currently staoned at the Dubrava airport ear the northeastern Muslim en-

Iraq, U.S. exchange threats

Baghdad vows to avenge missile strike; Clinton says Iraqi intelligence ability seriously crippled

Combined Agency dispatches Bill Clinton.

IRAQ ON MONDAY pledged to avenge a U.S. missile attack against Baghdad, and Washington cautioned that it would respond in kind, fuelling fears the turbulent region was headed for a new military showdown.

For Iraq, Sunday's pre-dawn attack against the intelligence headquarters ended any hope of improving relations with the Clinton administration.

But it apparently served to boost President Saddam Hussein's popularity as Iraqis took to the streets to denounce President

Islamic nations questioned the U.S. resolve to punish Iraq, while the West has done little to help outgunned Bosnian Muslims in their fight against Serbs.

Mr. Clinton ordered the attack in retaliation for an alleged plot to murder President George Bush while on a visit to Kuwait in April (See page 10). He said Monday the strike crip-

pled Iraq's intelligence capacityand sent a message worldwide of American resolve to combat ter-

Meeting with his cabinet, Mr. Clinton said, "The action I took, by the facts. The United States will do what it can to combat terrorism. It is plainly what we ought to be doing.

The president told reporters he received a report from National Security Adviser Anthony Lake "confirming that we did in fact cripple the Iraqi intelligence capacity, which was the intent of

Iraq says eight people were killed when some of the 23 Tomahawk missiles fired by the U.S. Navy hit residential areas near the intelligence compound.

The state-run Iraqi News

"The aggressors returned to their evil and blind hatred," the agency quoted Gen. Douri as saying Sunday. "Cursed be what they are doing. We will pursue anyone who dares to attack our dear Iraq and severely punish these evil insects."

The damage inflicted on the headquarters of our service in this vile crime is a source of pride for us," Gen. Douri said.

Agency quoted Iraq's intelligence chief, General Saber Abdul Aziz

Al Douri, as telling President

Saddam in a letter he would not

allow the attack to go un-

According to the Pentagon, Sunday's pre-dawn Tomahawk missile strike launched from U.S. warships totally destroyed the top two floors of the intelligence

At least four of the cruise missiles were shot down by antiaircraft defences, the Iraqi News

Agency said. Iraqi Vice-President Izzat Ibrahim, in a statement carried by news agency, said the "U.S. aggression... constitutes the highest degree of international terrorism, violence and arrogance.

U.S. Vice-President Al Gore warned Iraq that the United States was ready to hit again.

"It would be unwise for Saddam to retaliate in any capacity because that would receive a response," Mr. Gore said on the U.S. television talk shows.

(Continued on page 10)



steps up role as peace talks resume

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — The United States has stepped up its role in the Arab-Israeli peace talks in a bid to see progress as the current session entered its

final week Monday Dennis Ross, the special U.S. coordinator for the talks, is expected to travel to the Middle East in July to prepare the next. round of talks, which have yet to bring any tangible results, an Israeli delegation member said.

Mr. Ross has concentrated a lot of his energy on the Palestinian-Israeli talks, whose lack of progress is holding back the rest of the negotiations, said sources close to the Arab delega-

Israel is also holding bilateral talks with Jordan, Lebanon and

The United States is expected to present this week a new draft declaration of principles for the Palestinian-Israeli talks, laying down the broad lines of Palestinian autonomy in the occupied territories, after the two sides proved unable to agree on a joint State Department officials met

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin

firmly rejected Monday Palesti-

nian demands to include Jeru-

salem in an agreement giving

them self-government in the

united under Israel's sovereignty

and our capital forever," he told

hundreds of Jewish supporters

from all over the world meeting

in the Holy City.
"Therefore it will not be in-

cluded in the interim self-

government arrangement for the

Palestinians. It's part of Israel -

it is so, it will remain so," Mr.

Rabin said hours before the re-

sumption of peace talks in

Palestinians, alarmed by

Israel's move three months ago to

cut off Palestinian access to Arab

East Jerusalem, have been press-

ing at the talks for any agreement

to include the city that is their

main cultural and economic cen-

Israel and the Palestinians have

in 20 months of talks failed to

reach an accord for a five-year

period of interim self-rule in the

"Jerusalem will remain a city

occupied territories.

Washington.

Rabin: Israel will not

budge on Jerusalem

to discuss the problem, said mem- rate story). bers of the Israeli and Palestinian delegations.

Elyakim Rubinstein, head of the Israeli team negotiating with the Palestinians, telephoned the Palestinian chief negotiator, Faisal Husseini, to ask him to speed up the negotiations on a declaration of common principles. He also asked him to respond

to Israel's proposal of an accelerated transfer of power for some public services in the occupied territories. Palestinian delegation spokes-

woman Hanan Ashrawi said the Palestinians would tell Israelis this week "why their proposal is not applicable," but refused to this meant an outright

Israelis have proposed giving the Palestinians responsibility in the occupied territories for education, health, tourism, em-ployment, social services and

The Palestinians say they are only interested in a global agreement for an elected autonomous authority in the occupied territor-

occupied West Bank and Gaza

Strip.
The two sides agreed to work

on a joint declaration of princi-

ples but Palestinians have ruled

out any accord that excludes East

Israel insists that East Jeru-

salem is part of its "capital."
The United States, chief brok-

er in the talks, which also include

Jordan, Lebanon and Syria, has

been working on a bridging prop-

However, an official at an

Israeli parliamentary committee meeting quoted Mr. Rabin as saying on Monday: "No paper has been presented before us. A

statement by the Americans on

their position does not obligate

The Jerusalem Post daily

quoted a senior Israeli source as

saying Mr. Rabin would not ob-

ject to a statement that either side

is free to bring up any issue

during final status talks. Howev-

er, Israel objects to having speci-

fic issues, such as Jerusalem,

mentioned in any document now,

the sources was quoted as saying.

with both sides over the weekend ies and East Jerusalem (see sepa-

Mr. Rubinstein also called his Palestinian counterpart, Haider Abdul Shafi, to ask about his health, Dr. Abdul Shafi underwent an eye operation last week. Israelis and Syrians were meet-

ing Monday after two weeks without progress in an attempt to break their deadlocked talks. The Syrians continue to demand a complete Israeli withdrawal from the Golan Heights in exchange for peace, while Israel wants Syria first to spell out exactly

what it means by peace.

Israel said Sunday it was proposing a stage-by-stage end to the conflict with Syria.

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin, reporting on his government's first year in office, admitted he had been unrealistic to forecast an early peace breakthrough but said Israel had not despaired.

"The government presented Syria with proposals based on a gradual process of ending the state of war and gradually instill-ing peace," Mr. Rabin said in a

maintaining a line which calls for "everything in exchange for everything," the report said.

The report did not elaborate on Israel's proposals.

Israelis meeting with Lebanese negotiators were expected to tackle again the security question after rockets fired from Lebanon into northern Israel early Monday wounded six people.

The tenth round of Middle

East peace talks began June 15 and will end Thursday. In Cairo, Palestinian leader

Yasser Arafat Monday urged Washington to be "a fair broker" in peace negotiations and appealed personally to Mr. Rabin to advance the peace process.
"I reiterate my call to the

Israeli leadership and to Mr. Rabin personally to show the needed courage and political farsightedness to make just and honourable peace, the peace of the brave which will safeguard for our and their children their rights to a dignified free life away from violence and terror," Mr. Arafat said in an address to the summit 3-page report. of the Organisation of African "The Syrian side is presently Unity in Cairo.

Newest member challenges OAU leaders to action

CAIRO (Agencies) — Just minutes after Eritrea was welcomed Monday as the Organisation of African Unity's (OAU) newest member, the president of the tiny nation rose and gave his peers a tongue-lashing.
Eritrean President Isaias

Afewerki told the opening session of the OAU's annual meeting that the organisation did nothing to help his people's threedecade struggle for independence and was failing to deal with the continent's poverty and wars.
"Although the OAU has often

championed the lofty ideals of unity, cooperation, economic development, human rights and other worthy objectives, it has failed to seriously work for their concrete realisation," Mr. Afewerki told a stunned audi-

He added: "We must put our act together if this continent is to be relieved from the multiple problems that have evolved for

Eritrea's appeal was echoed by Nelson Mandela, leader of the African National Congress fighting to end apartheid in South Africa.

He urged a "new offensive" to end the scenario "that we shall forever be in debt to the developed world, that we shall forever provide pitiful pictures of the starving poor for the television networks ... that we shall forever engage in destructive wars.'

The meeting, held in Cairo's plush international conference hall in suburban Nasr City, is being attended by 37 heads of state. Hundreds of Egyptian security police ringed the complex, and helicopters hovered

The harsh words from the Eritrean leader contrasted with the opening address by Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, who was voted in as the new OAU chairman.

Mr. Mubarak praised the organisation for fighting Africa's increasing economic marginalisation and struggling to throw off "the last shackles of colonialism" in South Africa.

Long derided by its detractors as an empty talking shop, the OAU, celebrating its 30th anniversary this year, is trying to strengthen its peacekeeping role in the poorest continent.



Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor are received by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan

King, Queen return home after official visit to U.S.

AMMAN (J.T.) — Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor returned to Amman Monday afternoon following an official visit to the United States at the invitation of President Bill Clinton and medical check-ups which showed the King was enjoying excellent health.

During the visit King Hussein held formal talks with Mr. Clinton on issues of mutual concern and bilateral relations as well as regional issues.

The King also had meetings with Secretary of State Warren Christopher and Defence Secretary Les Aspen as well as speakers of the Senate and House of representatives and house members, including chairmen and members of the foreign affairs and foreign

appropriations committees. Discussions focused on means of promoting Jordanian-U.S., cooperation, particularly in eco-

tional matters including the Palestine problem and the situation in the Bosnia-Herzegovina. The two sides underlined the

need for total commitment of nations towards defending human rights and enhancing democracy and pluralism. They discussed the Arab-Israeli peace process and stressed

the need for helping the two sides to get on with their discussions to attain further progress and achieve a just, durable and comprehensive peace. King Hussein met with the Jordanian and Palestinian delega-

tions to the peace talks and heads of Arab diplomatic missions in the American capital. Later, the King met with the World Bank president and his

logue on Jordanian-American relations and the general Arab situation. deputy for Europe and the Middle East and the executive president of the International Monet-

He also delivered an address at the Brookings Institution in Washington, stressing his view

stressed the need for internation-

al cooperation towards compre-

hensive development, noting that

the social dimension was the basis

for comprehensive development

Jordan's determination to pursue

the economic reform programme

with a view to attaining self-reliance to be achieved through

cooperation with the world com-

munity and in a manner that

would ensure higher living stan-

dard for the Jordanian people.

sentatives of American newspap-

ers and magazines with whom he

conducted a comprehensive dia-

King Hussein met with repre-

King Hussein also reiterated

Fresh violence in Mogadishu

MOGADISHU (AP) — U.S. helicopter gunships opened fire on a Somali crowd Monday, kill-

ing at least two Somalis, after a sniper shot and killed a Pakistani The U.N. military spokesman. Major David Stockwell, said Pakistani troops had been searching for weapons in a building

when they came under sniper fire. One soldier died and two others were wounded, he said. U.S. troops called to provide air cover fired machineguns into an armed crowd, killing two Somalis, Maj. Stockwell said.

The fighting, the latest in a string of clashes following the U.N.'s assault on warlord Mohammad Farrah Aideed, continued as darkness fell. It was the second shooting in

two days along 21 October Road, a desolate stretch of abandoned warehouses and factories where the Pakistani contingent of U.N. forces has its headquarters. Aideed supporters blame the

United States and Pakistan for the deaths of several civilians since June, 5, when 24 Pakistani soldiers died in gunbattles and the United Nations began a series of attacks on Aideed targets.

On Sunday, two American sol-diers and a Pakistani were shot and wounded on 21 October Road. They remain hospitalised. Gen. Aideed remains at large, despite a U.N. order to arrest

Local people at the scene of Monday's fighting said by midafternoon four Somalis and a second Pakistani soldier had been

An American soldier told AFP he was with a Pakistani unit carrying out a search for weapons at a garage belonging to Aideed lieutenant Osman Ato when they were fired on.

"The fire was intense and we took three casualties and had to pull out under covering fire from Cobra helicopters," said the soldier, who requested anonymity. U.N. special representative

Ionathan Howe told AFP in an interview earlier Monday that the U.N. would soon launch a major new drive to disarm the militias in Mogadishu (see page 10).

JPA demands strict press law application

Press Association (JPA) is demanding that the Ministry of Information and the Press and Publications Department enforce the provisions of the press and Publications law of 1993.

A statement issued after JPA council meeting Monday said that the association was seeking to put "an end to excesses and infringements by non-JPA members on the journalism profession in Jor-

"The JPA will ask that no ficence should be issued to any foreign news agency if its local chief editor is not a full-fledged Jordanian journalist," the state-ment said. The JPA is demanding that foreign news agencies operating in Jordan should adapt to and abide by the provisions of the law," it said.

ministry and the Press and Publications Department refrain from accrediting Arab nationals to practise as Journalists in the Kingdom without the approval of the JPA council.

The JPA is also asking that the

The statement stressed that all press institutions and newspapers in Jordan should remain committed to and show respect for articles 15 and 18 of the JPA law whereby no person can be

AMMAN (Petra) - The Jordan allowed to practise journalism unless he or she joins the JPA as practising member in accordance with the JPA law, with the exception of those undergoing training in the profession.

The statement said that press institutions and newspapers will be asked to abide by the terms of the law and employ only JPA members as their staff. Newspapshould not issue press cards for their employees since the issuance of such cards is the sole prerogative of the JPA.

The council is also demanding that no person should be allowed to write for any newspaper unless he or she is registered with the

It said that the JPA will ask the passports Department not to list profession in passport as journal-ist unless the bearer is a JPA member in accordance with article 20 of the law.
Violators of this article,

according to the law, will be subject to JD 200-JD 500 fine and/or imprisonment of seven days to two months. The punishment could be doubled should the violation recur. The statement said the JPA

would pursue all means and take all legal measures against violators of the law.

Jordan Iron Company elects board, Badran as chairman

AMMAN — The General Assembly of the Jordan Iron Company held an ordinary meeting Sunday and elected its first board.

The board includes Mudar Badran, Tawfiq Fakhouri, Mahdi Saifi, Nizar Jardaneh, Zuheir Khouri (who represents the Housing Bank), Jawad Hadid, Mohammad Al Amad, Odeh Khouri, Ali Karim, Imad Badran and Khaled Dahleh.

The board, which met at the Amman Chamber of Industry, later elected Mr. Badran as chairman and Mr. Mahdi Al Saifi as deputy chairman.

The company's overall capital is JD 15 million (nearly \$22 million).



NEWS IN BRIEF

Turkey, S. Arabia refine seized fraqi crude

NICOSIA (AFP) — Turkey and Saudi Arabia have started refining

Iraqi crude stored on their territory since the Gulf crisis nearly three years ago, the Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) said Monday. The Nicosia-based newsletter, quoting industry sources

said Turkey had started refining part of the 5.2 million barrels of

Iraqi crude in storage tanks at the Ceyhan terminal of the

Iraqi crude in storage tanas at Iraqi-Turkey pipeline to the Mediterranean. Several million more

barrels of crude remain in the 1,000-kilometre-long Turkish section of the pipeline system, it said. This crude belongs to Turkey under

of the pipeline system, it said. This crude belongs to rankey under an accord between the two countries. It was unclear if Turkey would hand over the funds from the refined crude to the U.N. because it has several outstanding financial claims against Iraq.

BAHRAIN (R) - China's Vice-Premier Li Lanqing held talks in

Bahrain Monday on ways of promoting industrial trade and investments between the two countries. The official Gulf News Agency (GNA) said Mr. Li, touring Gulf states to promote the

already booming trade his country enjoys in the region, met the emir. Sheikh Isa Ben Salman Al Khalifa and some senior minister.

GNA said a Chinese-Bahraini economic cooperation committee

agreed on the need to boost trade and that Bahrain "expressed the

SANAA (R) - A Yemeni official warned Monday of the spread of cholera and dysentery in the country where a total of 6,847 capabave been reported since May. Health ministry official Yasan

Abdul Waraq said three people have died of the diseases in town

Worker killed in Kuwait building collapse

KUWAIT (AP) - A telecommunications building damage

during Iraq's seven-month occupation of Kuwait collapsed Sunday

killing a worker and injuring six others, the Kuwait News Agency reported. The workers were clearing rubble from the high-rise

building in Sabahiya, about 40 kilometres south of Kuwait City,

when the structure collapsed, KUNA said. It did not provide the

SANAA (AP) - Agriculture ministry officials said Sunday ners

swarms of locusts have conquered eastern regions, coming from

Saudi Arabia. The officials said the locusts were attacking grain

fields in Wadi Al Jawf, north of Marib. Other swarms corpin across the Red Sea or from East Africa have already devastile

citrus, grain and vegetable crops in the southern and southeastern regions of Wadi Beihan and Wadi Jennah, according to earlier

ALGIERS (R) - The government has ordered traffic to halt and

work to stop for five minutes throughout Algeria Tuesday to mark the first anniversary of the assassination of President Mohammad

Boudiaf. In a statement carried by the official news agency APS,

the government called for one minute's silence and said radio and

television would suspend programmes between 11:30 and 11:35

a.m. and play the national anthem. Mr. Boudiaf was shot dead in

the eastern town of Annaba at that time as he was making a speech

last June 29. His alleged killer, a member of his security guard, is in

Security tightened at home of Schwarzkopf

WASHINGTON (AFP) - Authorities have beefed up security at

the home of Gulf war commander Norman Schwarzkopf, who

allegedly has received death threats, CNN television reported.

Quoting unnamed administration sources. CNNwsaid military

personnel and local police had been deployed around the retired

rmy general's residence in the Tampa. Florida area. Ge

Schwarzkopf, who was commander-in-chief of the allied forces in

the Gulf war against Iraq, allegedly was warned "the Iraqis are out to get him," CNN reported.

New swarms of locusts enter Yemen

Algerians to mark Boudiaf killing

wish to export aluminium and petrochemicals to China."

Cholera, dysentery spread in Yemen

south of the capital Sanaa.

identity of the victims.

statements by the ministry.

detention awaiting trial.

Chinese vice-premier in Bahrain

Iran fears it next U.S. target — diplomats

DUBAI (R) - Iran's fiercely critical reaction to the U.S. missile strike on its traditional enemy Iraq reflects growing apprehension in Tehran that the Clinton administration may use similar tactics against it, diplomats said Monday.

The Iranian Foreign Ministry said on Sunday the United States had violated the U.N. Charter and "international law recognised by civilised nations.

It said the U.S. attack on Baghdad in retaliation for an alleged Iraqi plot to kill former U.S. president George Bush "would only result in promoting a culture of violence and state terrorism."

The quick and harsh reaction did not come as a surprise to diplomats in Tehran.

They said Iranian leaders were smarting from a new U.S. policy of "dual-containment" that regards Iranian hostility towards Washington as equal to that of

Iran viewed the policy as a virtual declaration of war although Clinton aide Martin Indyk, outlining the new approach in a speech on May 18, insisted the United States was not seeking a confrontation with the Islamic

The diplomats said military action against Tehran did not look likely but Iranian leaders were growing increasingly worried and fear the precedent set by the latest U.S. strike on Baghdad.

"They fear they may be next," one diplomat said. Some of Washington's Western allies have not shown enthusiasm for the new policy of outright hostility towards Tehran. But diplomats said the allies were expected to come under pressure to endorse it at the Group of Seven

summit in Tokyo on July 7. Iranian officials have warned privately it may bring Iran and Iraq closer and drive them to seek alternative alliances. They spoke of possible ties with Russian hardliners who hanker after the superpower status of the former Soviet Union.

Mr. Indyk, who was brought in by President Bill Clinton as senior director for Near East and South Asian affairs at the policymaking National Security Council, said the administration viewed Iran and Iraq as equally

He said it would not return to previous U.S. policies that played one against the other - as when Washington sympathised with Iraq during the 1980-88 Iran-Iraq

Washington has been at odds with Tehran ever since the 1979 occupation by radical students of the U.S. embassy in Tehran when more than 50 Americans were

taken of supporting terrorism.

But the end of the Iran-Iraq war and Teheran's opposition to Baghdad during the 1991 Guif war over Kuwait brought renewed hopes in Iran for an easing

of relations with Washington. Those hopes were dashed by the hostility of the new U.S. administration which already suspects Tehran is breaking U.N. sanctions by helping Iraq sell some of tis embargoed oil.

Tehran has denied the charge and Western diplomats said that although no evidence has been produced. Washington was apparently convinced that cooperation already exists between

Iran and Iraq. Tehran strongly opposed Iraq's 1990 invasion of Kuwait and impounded scores of Iraqi warplanes that sought refuge in Iran from the U.S.-led alliance that drove Baghdad's occupation army out of Kuwait. But it also opposed U.S. involvement in the

Kuwait alone in Gulf backing U.S. strike

DUBAI (R) — Kuwait, still indignant at the Iraqi invasion of 1990, is so far alone among Gulf Arab states in applauding the U.S. missile strike on Baghdad that has caused unease among some of Washington's allies in the oil-rich area.

Officials have kept quiet and regional media have refrained from commenting on the U.S. attack on intelligence headquarters in Baghdad in retaliation for an alleged Iraqi plot to kill former President George Bush during a trip to Kuwait last April.

State-directed media in Saudi Arabia focused on the factual, highlighting allied support for the strike ordered by U.S. President Bill Clinton.

Al Riyadh daily headlined a

French statement that the strike was justified. "American strike on Baghdad gets international backing," said the headline in Al Madina

But others elsewhere, while equally factal, focused on the negative in what diplomats said was probably a better reflection of worries among Gulf states that the Arab man in the street would have serious misgivings about the strike.

"Six civilians killed in U.S. attack," screamed a banner headline in Dubai's English-language Gulf News.

"Arab League critical, Egypt cites Bosnia," said the Sharjah daily Al Khaleej, referring to Cairo's call on Washington to deal with the Bosnian Serbs as

firmly it had done with Iraq.
The Dubai government daily Al Bayan carried on its front page a news agency report of a televi-sion survey that showed that 58 per cent of Americans were not convinced by the Clinton administration's reasons for the strike.

The diplomats said that although most Gulf Arabs share the Kuwaitis' hatred for Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, many would echo Egypt's comments about double standards.

But Gulf governments, who worked closely with the Bush team, remain uncertain of the degree of support they enjoy in the new Clinton administration and were unlikely to make any comments that could rock the new relationship.

Most Kuwaiti newspapers carried no editorial comment about Saturday's strike.

Of the three which did, Al Anba was the most supportive. saving the strike sent a message to "the Iraqi tyrant" to abide by U.N. Security Council resolu-

"Did the message get through?" it asked. "President Bill Clinton sent his missile message to bring the tyrant who flouts international law to his

The resolutions require Iraq to agree to the U.N.-supervised dismantling of its weapons of mass destruction, recognise U.N. demarcation of its international border with Kuwait and to hand back any Kuwaitis and third country nationals it took captive during

the occupation. Al Rai Al Am was critical. It said: "Though we realise the objectivity of the motives which dictated the U.S. decision this time... this strike again stirs some objective questions about the selective method the U.S. adopts on international problems, especially explosive ones like that of

Bosnia-Herzegovina, "The silence which the American administration practises towards Serb crimes is part of an international conspiracy and a contribution to an ethnic crime which matches the crimes of the Iraqi regime and deserves the same punishment."

have been accused of master-Many Arab states have exminding the operation. They repressed support for Bosnia's main at large and it was not clear Muslims in the civil war in the whether they would be tried in former Yugoslav republic. absentia.



Kurds occupy Sydney U.N. building

Monday in sit-ins protesting Turkey's treatment of its Kurdish

Police said 25 demonstrators were arrested after occupying United Nations offices for about an hour in Sydney. At the same time another 30 Kurds staged a

bourne and no charges were immediately filed. All the protesters in Sydney were later released. The demonstrations followed a

Turkish diplomats in Europe last Sydney Police Superintendent Andy Holland said the New South Wales state police would

before deciding whether to file charges against the protesters. Local media reports initially said the Sydney group took some U.N. staff members hostage. However, police later denied this and said the occupation was nonviolent. No weapons were in-

Most U.N. staff returned to the office after being evacuated. In Melbourne, police said protesters evaded security at the parliament building by posing as a tour group. Once inside they occupied the legislature's main chamber for an hour. They left

A spokesman for the protesters, Ibraham Ayzi, called on the Australian government to investigate human rights abuses against Kurds in Turkey.

have fought the Turkish government for an independent state in southeastern Turkey, home to about half of the country's 10 million Kurds.

Although Monday's protests were peaceful, there has been a history of security problems for Turkish diplomats in Australia. In December 1980, Turkish

Consul-General Sariak Ariyak and his bodyguard were shot dead in their car in Sydney by two unidentified gunmen. Police believe the gunmen, who were never caught, were Armenians.

In November 1986, Turkey's consulate in Melbourne was damaged by a carbomb which killed the bomber. A little known Greek-Bulgarian-Armenian group claimed responsibility, but again there were no arrests.

26 injured in blasts on Turkish coast

(PKK), which issued an indirect

denial Monday as anti-terrorist

sources confirmed no one had yet

ANKARA (Agencies) — Twenty-six people including 12 foreign tourists were wounded in three explosions in the southern Turkish coastal town of Antalya, according to an updated toll announced Monday by town Governor Saim Cotur.

Two German tourists seriously injured in one of the three separate blasts Sunday night underwent operations early Monday, Mr. Cotur told the semi-official Anatolia news agency.

Earlier reports had put the toll at 23 and said no foreigners were among the seriously injured.

The remaining blast victims hospitalised here were not in a critical condition, Mr. Cotur added. Antalya police blamed the

BEIRUT (AP) — A military

tribunal has convicted a Shiite

Muslim man of complicity in the

1991 bombing of the American

University of Beirut (AUB), and

commuted his death sentence to

10 years in prison at hard labour,

The sources said the five-judge

panel handed down its final ver-

dict in a secret, no-jury trial

session Saturday.
Jihad Khalil, 30, was arrested a

few days after the Nov. 8, 1991

blast that wrecked college hall

and the clock tower at the Middle

East's most prestigious universi-

ty. A Lebanese guard was killed

The court found Khalil guilty

of complicity in the bombing and

the murder of his half-sister,

Hayat Khalil, who drove the

explosive-laden car to the AUB.

Two Lebanese Christians, Pier-

re Khoury and George Sarabieh.

in the pre-dawn blast.

сатриз.

judicial sources said Sunday.

town's restaurant district, and next to two vehicles outside the Sheraton Antalya, Mr. Cotur

The first bomb was thrown into the garden of Leta Pension, a boarding house frequented by foreigners, at about 9.30 p.m. The agency said all the casual-ties occurred in the boarding

About five minutes later, two cars near the Sheraton Hotel, the town's biggest, were heavily damaged by bombs. The agency did not report any casualties in the vehicles.

State-run television said police immediately tightened security in the resort, favoured mostly by German and British tourists.

First German Turk to run in city election

HAMBURG (R) — Social Democrats in Hamburg have chosen Germany's first Turkish candidate to run for office in local elections in September. Hakki Keskin, a 50-year-old education professor who became a German citizen only last February, will run for a seat in the city-state's local parliament on Sept. 19. Leaders of the 1.8-million strong Turkish minority have been urging Germany to allow them dual nationality and voting rights in local elections as a sign of support after a wave of racist violence that has killed eight Turks in seven months. The Social Democrats (SPD), who rule in Hamburg but make up the main opposition in the Bonn parliament, support this.



Established in 1985, International Markets Corp. (IMC) has been relaunched with a whole new set of brands and products. The marketing group, has promised to become a market leader with their newest Emerson U.S.A. Electronics introduction to the Jordanian market. Though new to the Jordanian consumer, the company itself has been a leader in America since 1912. Emerson is an \$800 million publicaly held company listed on the NY Stock

Iraqis rail against U.S., fear more attacks By Jane Arraf neighbourhood, there were pools Reuter

BAGHDAD — Bagdhad residents railed against the United States Monday over the missile strikes that killed at least six civilians and dashed any hope of reconciliation with Washington. As soon as we heard the

explosion we knew it was the Americans," said a 16-year-old girl, standing amid the debris of a ruined house. 'We could hear someone scre-

maing but police said there was nothing we could do," she said. "I will never go to America — I can't even stand the thought of

Tomahawk cruise missiles fired from U.S. warships in the Gulf and Red Sea hit Iraq's intelligence service headquarters and nearby houses early on Sunday. The United States said the attack was in retaliation for an

alleged plot to assassinate former President George Bush in Kuwait in April. Parts of th complex were dam-

aged but U.S. officials have conceded that three missiles were wide of the mark and caused civilian casualties. Six people were buried Sunday night in a funeral ceremony where hundreds of enraged

mourners chanted vows of vengeance against President Bill Clinton. On Monday children scrambled around the rubble littering a huge crater at the house where

a housekeeper were killed. The artist was staying at the house, owned by her sister, while her own home was being reno-

strike during the Gulf war. "Why do they do this to us," wailed a neighbour.

artist Leila Al Attar, her husband

vated after being damaged in a

On the pavement on Princesses Street in the smart Al Mansour

of congealed blood from sheep sacrificed by luckier neighbours in thanks for their survival. A few kilometres away, the

tops of two tall buildings partially destroyed in the attack could be seen behind the walls of the intelligence headquarters. Journalists have not been allowed to survey the damage within the

Security in main areas of Baghdad appeared tighter, with more checkpoints set up and more Republican Guardsmen on the Iraq has dismissed the plot

allegation as a fabrication and called the missile attack "cowardly." It claimed a victory in shooting down four of the missiles. A group of army officers in Mansour displayed the remnants of one. The three-metre long missile was in shredded pieces, with only circuit boards and a Canadian marking on one of the

components intact. This talk about Bush was just an excuse to attack us again," said one officer, "We can't trust the Americans, they could strike us at any time for no reason," he

Iraqi President Saddam Hussein had been hoping for im-proved relations with Washington when Mr. Clinton succeeded Mr. Bush, leader of the Gulf war allies, in January.

Baghdad is balking at United Nations sanctions imposed after its August 1990 invasion of Kuwait and at the terms laid down after its defeat in the subsequent Gulf war.

Its reluctance to comply fully with U.N. experts charged with destroying its weapons of mass destruction now raised the spectre of further military action in light of Sunday's strike. Western military analysts in the region



Abu Nidal group, prior to their release. Fatch said Fatch leaders said (AFP photo)

SYDNEY (AP) — Police arrested Kurdish demonstrators after they occupied two buildings charges against the protesters.

similar protest in the Victorian

state parliament in Melbourne. There were no arrest in Mel-

series of attacks by Kurds against

when ordered by police.

garden of a small hotel, the attacks on separatist militants from the Kurdish Labour Party

claimed responsibility.
The German-based Kurdish news agency Kurd-Ha, a virtual mouthpiece for the PKK, blamed the attacks Monday on "obscure; forces" in a communique re-

ceived here by AFP. The agency accused Turkish television of "trying to impose on the PKK" responsibility for the blasts but offered no details identifying the bombers while claiming only two explosions had occurred, injuring 13.

The three blasts occurred at intervals of five minutes starting at 9.30 p.m. (1830 GMT) in the

The verdict, according to the

sources, Khoury and Sarabieh

promised Khalil and his sister

\$500,000 is return for detonating

the bomb at AUB. There was no

mention of the motives behind

Two days after the bombing,

Khalil and his sister met with the

suspected masterminds at a

Beirut hotel. After an argument

over the money, Khoury shot

Hayat Khalil in the head with a

silencer-equipped pistol, accord-

defend his sister. Instead, he car-

ried her body in his car to the

beach and dumped in the sea.

Two days later, the body was

The judicial sources said

Khouri or Sarabieh were believed

to have fled Lebanon after the

washed ashore and was disco-

It said Khalil made no move to

ing to the verdict.

vered by police.

promptly arrested.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDER

the attack.

year term helps police Israel's self-styled

"security zone" in south Leba-

The AUB, which has given Middle East three presidents and 10 prime ministers, was the victim of several attacks during Lebanon's 1975-1990 civil war.

One of its American presidents, David Dodge, was kidnapped by pro-Iranian extremists from the campus in 1982 and released a year later. Another president, Malcolm Kerr, was assassinated also on campus on-Jan. 18, 1984.

terners and Lebanese Christians, were kidnapped and held hostage by extremist factions during the 1975-90 civil war. Three of those kidnapped —

Other faculty members, Wes-

American Librarian Peter Kilburn, and British teachers Leigh Douglas and Dennis Hill - were killed in captivity in 1986.

body was discovered and Khalil Two other Americans, Thomas Beirut newspapers have linked Khouri and Sarabieh to the Sutherland, the former dean of agriculture, and comptroller Israeli-affiliated South Lebanon Army (SLA) militia. The militia their captors in 1990. Joseph Ciccipio, were released by

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

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Church Tel. 630851. Tel. Catholic Church Tci. Armeni 771351. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751.
Amman International Church Evangelical Lotheran Church Tel: 824328. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tcl. 823824, 654932. Church of the Nazarene Tcl. 675691. Church of the Redomer ... Tcl.

WEATHER

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Bulletin supplied by the Department of Normal summer weather will prevail and winds will be northwesterly mod-

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USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

AMMAN: Dr. Mukhles Halass Dr. Mohammad Imran Dr. Jamal Al Jabari Dr. Mohammad Al Ghoul Firas pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy Al Asema pharmacy Nairoukh pharmacy	61223 79646 79073 66191 77833 63705 62367
Al Salam pharmacy Yacoub pharmacy Shmeisani pharmacy Nairouih pharmacy Najib pharmacy	63673 64494 63766 62367
RBID: Dr. Mohammad Al Helu Alquds pharmacy	
CARQA: Dr. Rajch Sager	<u>(</u> —

EMERGENCIES

Food Control Centre Civil Defence Department Civil Defence Immediate Rescue Civil Defence Emergency Rescue Police 192, 621111. Fire Bngade	630341 199
Blood Bank Highway Police Traffic Police Public Security Department Hotel Complaints Price Complaints Water and Sewerage	84340 <u>2</u> 896390 . 630321 605800
Complaints Amman Municipality Complaints Telephone Information (directory assistance) Overseas Calls Central Amman Telephone Repairs Abdali Telephone Repairs Jordan Television	787111 121 010230 623101 661101

HOSPITA	LLS
AMMAN:	
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Princess Haya Hospital . .. (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER

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ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

96:00 Jakarta, Kuala Lumpur (RJ)

12:50 13:15 Vienna, Frankfurt (RJ) 13:45 Cairo (RJ) 13:45 London (RJ)

(Terminal 1)

DEPARTURES

96:39 19:09 19:09 19:39

11:00

Aqaba (RJ)
..... Muscat, Abu Dhabi (RJ)
..... Karachi, Dubai (RJ)
..... Doha, Bahrain (RJ)

..... Chicago, Amsterdam (RJ) Frankfurt, Vienna (RJ)

Riyadh (RJ)
Rome (AZ)
Rome (ME)
Paris, Beirut (ME)
Bucharest (RO)

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

Bahrain, Doha (RI Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RI Other Flights (Terminal 2) Larnaca, Vicana (OS) Cairo (MS) MARKET PRICES

rer price in fils per kg. 680 / 680 620 / 620 440 / 140

Carrot	300/ 20
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Her Royal Highness Princess Başma Monday chairs a seminar on women and parliamentary elections, organised by the Business and Professional Women's Club (Petra photo)

Efforts to nominate women candidates should be pooled, says Al Masri

AMMAN (Petra) - Women's opening speeches at the seminar continuous meetings to reach a consensus on nominating candi-dates to run in the next elections,

But speakers were un expected later this year, said Lower House Deputy Taher Al

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Masri Monday. At a one-day seminar entitled "Women and Parliamentary Elections," organised by the Business and Professional Women's Club (BPWC) and held under the chairmanship of Her Royal Highness Princess Basma, Mr Masri outlined Jordanian women's experiences during the last parliamentary elections in which they failed to be elected.

efforts should be pooled through revealed differing views on the issue of assigning seats for women

But speakers were unanimous that women should be represented in Parliament so that they

can defend women's rights. Participants, including Janet Mufti and Huda Fakhouri reviewed their own experiences when they ran as candidates in the 1989 parliamentary elections.

Hind Abdul Jaber, the BPWC added. president, outlined the topics on the agenda of the upcoming National Conference on Women, due to open in Amman Tuesday, Discussions that followed the and women's political activities.

Deputy resigns from party, 24 members follow suit

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN - Deeb Marji, a Lower House of Parliament deputy from Irbid district unexpectedly resigned as a member of the Jordanian Democratic Popular

yet another schism among leftwing political parties in the King-. Described as an "amicable -split" Dr. Marji's resignation came after more than two years

Unity Party (JDPUP) this week

in what political observers see as

of differences with his fellow members, party insiders said Dr. Marji's more "liberal" views had clashed with those of more hard-line Marxist members of the party. As the only member of the JDPUP to win a seat in Parliament in the November 1989 _elections, Dr. Marji, 43, was said

by party members to have re-"no special treatment" from the party after winning that "It caused some resentment on get the party leadership or some-

his part because he expected to thing close to it," said one party member who thinks that lack of promotion was among several reasons behind Dr. Marji's fail out with the party.

Although neither the JDPUP Secretary General Azmi Khawaja nor Dr. Marji have made significant statements about the apparent split among their ranks to the press, the party's platform as well as internal hierarchy appear to be the issues surrounding the fall

Last Saturday, 24 members of the JDPUP — Irbid branch advertised in Jordanian dailies that they are resigning from the party in solidarity with Dr. Marji. JDPUP secretary general, had no comment on the resignations except: "I believe these are young people who are looking for the right answers." Mr. Khawaja said the party will issue a clarification statement, possibly to-

"I think most of the 24 young people will change their minds and return to the party's ranks," Mr. Khawaia added.

Dr. Marji, who unlike most JDPUP members, supports the U.S. brokered Middle East peace talks, is thought by many party members to have changed too much in his positions to be acceptable to the parties decidedly staunch stand against the peace talks. Some independent stands on political issues related to the Jordan's role in the peace talks, the economy and the party's participation in the government have also caused a row in the party

If the party splits, it would be the third in a scries of break-ups suffered by long established leftist parties in Jordan.

In 1990 the Jordanian offsprings of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP), split to become the Jordanian Democratic People's Party and the Jordanian Democratic Progressive Party.

Last year the oldest operative leftist party in the Kingdom, the Jordanian Communist Party broke into the Jordanian Communist Party and the Jordanian Democratic Socialist Party.

The Freedom Party became a third Communist Party earlier

The break-up of the JDPUP, expected before the end of the week, will not be unusual but it will add to the split of the leftwing vote just four months before Jordan holds its second legislative election in over two decades.

"The timing of this is really bad," said a political observer close to the JDPUP. "If they are going to split they should have split last year but not four months before election time," said the source on condition of anonym-

The JDPUP officially came into being as a political group in May 1990 and was granted legal party status early this year along with four other left-wing parties.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Kamal lauds German agricultural assistance

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Agriculture Marwan Kamal Monday lauded the German government for its continued assistance to the Ministry of Agriculture and helping it in implementing its policies. Dr. Kamal voiced his confidence that the close cooperation between Jordan and Germany in the agricultural field will continue at the same pace in the future. Director of the Ministry's Afforestation Department Azzam Al Muheisin said equipment presented by the German government and estimated to be worth DM 500,000 will help the ministry in pruning trees and removing broken branches, in addition to being used in tackling the effects of fires which occur repeatedly in Jordan (which will contribute to forest management. Mr. Muheisin said a local team was trained on the equipment and mechinery by a specialised German team. The training process was organised as part of the forest development project financed by the German Development Agency.

JUST Alumni club inaugurated

IRBID (Petra) - Her Royal Highness Princess Haya Bint Al Hussein Monday opened the Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST) Alumni club in a ceremony attended by Irbid Governor Fayez Al Abbadi. Princess Haya toured the various sections of the club and opened exhibitions of Arabic calligraphy and cartoons, depicting campus life. The princess also attended a celebration held to honour the fifth batch of JUST graduates.

Parliament condemns U.S. attack on Iraq

and wounding Iraqi civilians.

The senate expressed astonishstatement issued by the Upper statement said. House of Parliament's permanent It said the Lower House was

Coming at this critical stage, the statement said, the aggression on Iraq constituted an outrageous violation of the charter of the United Nations and exposed the double standards attitude adopted by the U.S. administration vis-a-vis other issues like the continued Israeli aggression on the Palestinian people under occupation and the genocide practised daily against the people of Bosnia-Hercegovina.

Such practices and double standards dealing in international issues can only negatively affect world stability and the peace and security of the region and would create bitterness in the hearts of the Arab masses and the oppressed peoples of the world, continued the statement.

endanger human rights and such acts and prevent their redeepen fear and hatred among currence, said the statement. It nations, something which would said that the U.N. Security Coun-Jead to the loss of hope," it cil should not serve as a tool for

countries to end their differences their future.

AMMAN (Petra) — The Upper Lower House described the U.S. and Lower House of Parliament raid on Baghdad as brutal and Monday voiced their condemna- based on feeble pretexts and tion of the U.S. missile attack on allegations that never were Baghdad which resulted in killing proved about an action that was

never executed. "The raid on Baghdad also was ment at the American attack on a reminder of the conspiratorial iraq and deplores the actions of attitude of the United States and the biggest member among the Europe against the Muslim peo-United Nations against another ple, preventing them from their member of the organisation, flag-right to self defence and acquisirantly violating the U.N. Charter, tion of arms at a time when international legitimacy and weapons of all kinds were being Security Council rules," in a supplied to the other parties," the

> also reminded of the continued Israeli aggression on the Palestinian people, Israel's killing of Palestinians and demolition of Arab homes and its expulsion of Palestinian citizens," most impor-tantly the U.S. backing of these Israeli aggressive policies and its shielding the Jewish state from any punishment.

> The Arab people, particularly the Iraqi people, refuse to be-come the victim of policies and decisions taken for purely internal American considerations policies and decisions intended to disassociate the Clinton administration from accusation of being weak and hesitant, said the state-

> It stressed that the attack would not have come had the Arabs been more steadfast.

The House called on the inter-It said that such measures can national community to condemn the implementation of unjust and The statement urged Arab double standard policies, and urged Arab masses to take a and exert efforts to safeguard brave and responsible stand in the face of injustice and aggres-In a separate statement, the sion.



CABIN ATTENDANTS: Royal Jordanian (RJ) Monday graduated 31 new cabin attendants who successfully completed a six-week training course in air transport safety and services. The group comprised 20 Jordanian, eight Spanish, two British and one Norwegian attendants. RJ Chief Executive Officer Mahmoud Jamal Balqaz attended the ceremony to welcome the graduates to the RJ staff

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

- ☆ Paintings by Salem Al Dabbagh, Himat Ali and Karim Rassan at the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation Gallery (10 a.m.-6
- ☆ Art exhibition by 26 Jordanian artists at Eshbeelia Art Gallery. 6th Circle, Amra Shopping Centre.
- Exhibition of paintings in watercolour, oil and acrylics by Mrs. Heidi Eyers at the British Council.
- * Exhibition of art works by Samia Zaru at the Marriott Hotel.



DHL introduces express heavyweight

DHL, as many companies in Jordan, are turning to air express to reduce costs and improve standards. DHL is investing \$60 million in its Middle East facilities over the pext lew years to meet the growing demand for these services; \$12 million will be spent this year. "All around the world there has

All around the world dict has been a dramatic upsurge in heavyweights shipped by air in recent years," said Mike Wood, DHL Middle East's sales development manager at a function held at the Marriott Hotel on June 27, 1003. "From a strategic viewpoint." 1993. "From a strategic viewpoint, time has emerged as the critical competitive weapon of the 1990s. Many companies are finding that by using expedited deliveries to cut lengthy supply chains, they can achieve significant cost reductions. while, at the same time improving the service to the customers.

"In the past using conventional airfreight, it could take four weeks to transport, clear and deliver heavyweight, dutiable items." added Mr. Wood. "Paperwork problems make clearance in some Middle East markets even longer. DHL's Express Freight Service, however achieves a 7-day transit time between USA, Europe, Asia. and most Middle East countries.

door-to-door.

DHL's relations with the customs authorities enable paperwork for dutiable items to be processed while the goods are still in transit. Meanwhile, handling equipment

for heavy shipments is being instal-led at DHL's depots around the region. Particular pride of place is the company's regional distribu-tion centre in Bahrain, the building of which will be completed later this year at a cost of nearly \$9 million. This will form the hub of the company's Middle East distribution network, and offers near

by bonded storage space too.
"Our traditional business of documents and samil parcels is thriving, too," said Mike Wood. "But it will not be long before it will be as common to DHL a generator, replacement processor or even a tonne of finished goods, as it has been in the past to send a tender, file for laser disk."

To support DHL's investment programme in its solution for heavyweight shipments, the company will be unveiling a "Guess the Weight" customer competition at the function. Prizes include TVs. video recorders and business class air tickets to London, Paris and Hong Kong.

Political activists stage protest denouncing U.S. raid on Baghdad

By Sausan Ghosheh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - A small group of Jordanian political activists Monday staged a demonstration and condemned the latest U.S. missile attack on Baghdad as "continuous aggression on the Arab and Islamic worlds."

The demonstration, which included representatives from the different political streams present in Jordan, denounced the attack, stressing that it is one of America's many actions to control the "This tyrant country (the Un-

ited States) is interfering in the internal affairs of our nation and is destroying our people," said Hammam Saed, a leader of the Muslim Brotherhood bloc in Par-"America's attack on the Iraqi people is an attempt to eliminate

all opposition to Washington's

policies on Iraq, as well as all the Arabs and Muslims," he added in front of the Parliament House in downtown Amman. Speakers at the demonstration, called for by The Alliance of Forces that Resist Surrendering, composed mainly of Baath Party members and the Muslim

pro-Western shift in Jordan's offi-"We have seen a shift in Jor-

Brotherhood, implicitly criticised

what they saw as anti-Iraq and

cial stand.



Protesting the U.S. attack on Baghdad demonstrators Monday end their action in front of the Iraqi embassy in Jabal Amman (photo by

dan's policy towards Iraq... We object to this new policy and demand more solidarity with the Iraqi people," said Leith Shbeilat, a member of Parlia-"Dr. Saed concurred. "We

warn you that friendly contacts with the United States will not improve the relations with your own people." he said.

The speakers, further, called the face of the "American enemy" and demanded the end of the sanctions against Iraq im-August 1990 invasion of Kuwait.

Our motto is lifting the sanctions imposed against Iraq... and achieved," said Mr. Shbeilat.

Dr. Saed added that "Jordanians do not agree with any sanctions against Iraq whether from the Jordanian government or any other government."

The demonstration ended in front of the Iraqi Embassy, where participants were greeted by Nouri Al Weiss, Iraq's ambassador to Jordan.

Demonstrators took the opportunity of the ambassador's presence to voice their support for the Iraqi people. "Any aggression on Iraq is an aggression on all the Arab World," said Naji Aloush, a member of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Pales-

"We will support Iraq till the last drop of our blood," he asserted.

Mr. Weiss, refusing to comment on the attack, said "Your Iraq will always remain steadfast and will not abandon its nation as it is sure that its nation will not abandon it."

The demonstration, attended by about one hundred activists. was described, by its organisers as on the Arab Nation to unite in a symbolic protest and that large scale demonstrations are planned for the near future.

The Parliament House was posed as a result of Baghdad's chosen as the point of gathering to symbolise the people, the organisers maintained.

Later protest actions will in-

we will continue to work till this is clude parliamentarians as well as the public, they said.

Canada to mark national day in Jordan by planting trees AMMAN (J.T.) - In an effort to greening of Jordan. This tree

promote awareness of the environment, the Canadian community in Jordan will celebrate Canada Day by planting trees in a Ministry of Agriculture Forest, according to a Canadian embassy statement Monday.

The Minister of Agriculture, Marwan Kamai, and the president of the Royal Society for the Conservation of Nature (RSCN) Anis Muasher, will participate in the tree planting ceremony. "Preservation of the environ-

ment is the responsibility of everyone," said Ambassador Andrew Robinson. "I hope that the concerted efforts of government, citizens and guests like ourselves, will contribute to the planting is meant to symbolise the importance of environmental conservation.

Sustainable development and protection of the environment are important parts of Canada's international cooperation strategy. In this context, Canada is encouraging future development in Jordan that will embrace the con-

cept of environmental protection and the wise use of scarce natural resources, the embassy statement Over the last few years, Canada and Jordan have initiated several joint environment-related

projects including grants to the Royal Scientific Society to study

national air quality standards.



Hikmat Monday presents Francis Keenan, General Manager of Amman Marriott Hotel, with the Petra Award in appreciation of his excellent services in support of the hotel and tourism industry in Jordan, where he was an active member of the Jordan Tourism Promotion Board. Mr. Keenan completed his assignment in Jordan and will be moving to Sri Lanka to head the Sri Lanka Marriott Hotel: five-star establishment of 500 rooms.

Grand Opening Today





tart packing your grandmother's precious

Now, you can replace it with a fresh lively table set that will add a different ambiance to your meals. un Jardin en plus, the famed French name in the world of furniture, tableware and house accessories is now available in Amman for those with an artistic

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Big question for big people

LIBYAN LEADER Muammar Qadhafi is about to complete a U-turn from where he stood in the 1970s and the 1980s. The revolutionary leader is making this move simply to please Western powers that not so long ago he viewed with suspicion as imperialists and enemies of his people, country and all of the Third World.

To improve his relations with the United Kingdom, Mr. Qadhafi last year revealed confidential information about his old allies, the Irish Republican Army. This week he pledged to surrender two of his people to the U.S. black activist Jesse Jackson who would arrange for their trial in the West for their alleged involvement in the bombing of a Pan Am jet over Lockerbie, Scotland. This was something Qadhafi only a few months ago vowed he would never do.

As Libya's conflict with the West continued and escalated through the 1980s, Mr. Qadhafi has been hopping back and forth between his decadeslong revolutionary ideals and overtures to appease Washington and its Western allies in the hope of easing the tension.

The offer to hand over the suspects to Reverend Jackson is one of the many stunts Mr. Qadhafi has performed in his bid to return to the graces of the West. On Sunday, the Libyan leader sent one of his protocol cars to the Tunisian border to pick up Israeli peace activist Abbie Nathan who says he is in Libya to get Libyan concessions for Israel; also, quite unthinkable by the Libyan leader a few years, if not months, ago. And to top it all, U.S. President Bill Clinton has become "a bright star coming from the Western hemisphere, really clean, with no complexes," in the eyes of Mr. Oadhafi. It is not clear how bright Clinton remains to Oadhafi after he Sunday sent his Smart missiles to brighten the Iraqi skies. Mr. Clinton should learn a lesson from Mr. Qadhafi's change of heart: sanctions work, even when they are partially applied. What Qadhafi has yet to find out, along with many others in the world, is if succumbing to U.S. pressure works too.

The other pressing, indeed bewildering, question that remains is how the Libyan people, or for that matter any other people, should react when they feel that their future is subject to the whims of individuals and their countries' destiny hostage to the policies of leaders who place their own interests above those of the nation.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL RA'I Arabic daily Monday expressed regret that U.N. Security Council member states rushed to express their support for the latest U.S. aggression on Iraq. The U.N. Security Council should have examined the situation and the American complaints about the alleged Iraqi conspiracy against the former U.S. president before approving Mr. Clinton's missile attack, said the daily. The United Nations ought to regain its natural and legitimate role of helping to settle international disputes rather than allow an aggression by one nation against another, said the daily. On the other hand, the aggression would not have taken place had the Arab countries been more united, added the daily. The situation in the Arab World is really distressing and sad as the Arab masses realise that their countries are bound to pay heavier prices unless they start joining their ranks and end their differences, said the daily. The Arabs should take note of the fact that President Clinton had consulted with the Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin shortly before launching the missile attack, something which means that the Clinton administration seeks the blessing of the Jewish state and aims at satisfying its ambitious designs in the Middle East, cautioned the paper. The Arabs, said the paper, should study the latest American aggression on Iraq and should try to answer the following question: In light of these developments, are the Arabs convinced that they are following the path of a just and comprehensive peace which they have long sought?

A COLUMNIST in Al Dustour daily condemned the latest American missile raid on Baghdad as a flagrant aggression and a brutal act committed against the civilian population of Iraq. The attack was a disgusting act on the part of the American aggressors against innocent civilians who can be no means be held responsible for their government's decisions, said Mona Shuqair. The writer said that Mr. Clinton's justification for the missile attack was illogical and can convince no one, especially as the trial of those involved in the alleged conspiracy on the life of the former U.S. president has not ended in Kuwait. Furthermore, no neutral observers are allowed to attend the court trial, a procedure which could prove whether the proceedings are fair or not, said the writer. One thing is sure: that Mr. Clinton launched this aggression in a desperate attempt to regain part of his fast fading popularity and in an attempt to convince the American public of his ability to handle matters on the domestic and external levels, charged the writer. She said that by turning his trans or Iraq, Mr. Clinton hopes to topple Saddam Hussein, but by so doing, he is in effect strengthening the Iraqi leader's position. The aggression, she added, can by no means enable the American president to improve his image in his own country.

Martin Indyk

The man behind U.S.'s Mideast approach

WASHINGTON DC — The time has come to put a brighter spotlight on Martin Indyk. Even in Washington, not many people react instantly to his name, yet his power to influence events in the Middle East is both enormous

and troubling.

Mr. Indyk's clout stems from the fact that he is the special assistant to the president for Near East and South Asian affairs, working within the National Security Council. His job is essentially to develop Middle East policy recommendations for the president to ponder.

What is troubling about Mr. Indyk's power is that he comes to it directly after ten years as an advocate of a staunchly pro-Israel political agenda: two years as the deputy director for research of the American Israeli Public Affairs Committee (AIPAC) followed by eight years as the co-founder and executive director of the Washington Institute for Near East Policy, an AIPAC spin-off. While at the institute, which pretended to be a "think-tank", Mr. Indyk never disputed that it had what he called a "point of view". In 1990, he told a reporter that part of the institute's purpose was to "counter Arabist views" in Washington. Mr. Indyk was still at the institute when he was asked by the new Clinton administration to take his current job --- an offer he accepted

Little was heard from him by Middle East watchers until May 18, when he visited the institute to give a speech on Middle East policy. His remarks, although they revealed some new twists in official U.S. positions, went virtually ignored by the media. (One exception was the Washington Post, which five days later came out with an article, buried on page 26, which somehow managed to avoid mentioning Israel, which had been a principal focus on the speech).

Mr. Indyk told the audience that the purpose of his talk was to try to lay out for you the Clinton administration's approach to the Middle East". Not the Indyk approach, mind you, but the linton approach. It quickly became clear that Mr. Clinton had been quite ready to accept Mr. Indyk's advice (which in some circles did not cause any surprise), because the "Clinton administration's approach" appeared to have been based on the very perspective that suppor-ters of AIPAC and the institute have traditionally held.

Countering Iraq ...

Mr. Indyk's essential message was to outline the ways in which the Clinton administration would make sure that Israel's interests would not be threatened. The basic thrust of the strategy, as Mr. Indyk described, appears to on two foundations

 Israel must be kept strong, while "promotion of Arab-Israeli peace" continues.

2. Both Iraq and Iran are dangerous threats to Israel and others, and should be kept weak. Mr. Indyk referred to this policy as "dual containment." This marks a fundamental shift in U.S. Mr. Indyk said: "Dual containment" derives

from an assessment that the cur-

rent Iraqi and Iranian regimes are both hostile to American interests in the region. Accordingly, we do not accept the argument nat we should continue the old balance of power game, building up one to balance the other ... We reject it because we do not need it

The coalition that fought Saddam remains together. As long as we are able to maintain our military presence in the region; as long as we succeed in restricting

Iraq and Iran; and as long as we can rely on our regional allies -Egypt, Israel, Saudi Arabia and the GCC, and Turkey — to pre-serve the balance of power in our favour in the wider Middle East region, we will have the means to counter both the Iraqi and Iranian regimes.

Balance of power "in our favour"? This is what has existed, of course, since the Gulf war. But can a balance "in favour of" anyone be considered a balance? With Iraq and Iran out of the equation, just how tempting will it be for Israel, one of our "regional allies," to "settle accounts" with various Arab countries? Discussing Iraq specifically, Mr. Indyk described the Clinton administration policy in these terms:

"We seek Iraq's full com-pliance with all U.N. resolutions including Resolution 688, which calls upon the regime to end its repression of the Iraqi people. Some have tried to portray our policy as softening. But by now it should be clear that we seek full compliance from all current or future Iraqi regimes ... Now, we have decided to seek the estab-

the military ambitions of both lishment of a U.N. commission to ment outstrip its capabilities. But investigate the charges of war crimes and crimes against humanity in Iraq itself ... Our purpose is liberate: it is to establish clearly and unequivocally that the current regime in Iraq is a criminal regime, beyond the pale of international society and, in our judgement, irredeemable. We are also providing stronger backing for the Iraqi National Congress as a democratic alternative to Saddam Hussein."

...and Iran

"Containing the threat from Iran is a more difficult though no less necessary undertaking. When we assess Iranian intentions and capabilities we see a dangerous combination for western interests .It is the foremost state sponsor of terrorism and assassination across the globe ... We will pursue the effort of active containment unilaterally, maintaining the counter-terrorism sanctions and other measures enacted by previous administrations to encourage a change in Iranian behaviour ...The necessity to act now derives from the fact that Iran's threatening intentions for the mo-

this moment will not last for long. If we fail in our efforts to modify Iranian behaviour, five years from now Iran will be much more capable of posing a real threat to Israel, to the Arab World and to western interests in the Middle East ... To the extent that the international community succeeds in containing Iraq but fails to contain Iran, it will have inadvertently allowed the balance of power in the Gulf to have tilted in favour of Iran, with very dangerous consequences.

Israel and the peace process

Mr. Indyk went on to the subject of Israel. Having explained how the "dual containment" policy would help protect Israel from the east, Mr. Indyk then discussed the value of the current Arab-Istaeli peace negotiations — while warning that "if the balance of power in the re-gion should shift again in favour of radical forces led by Iraq and Iran, this effort is likely to fail, as the military option appears more viable to some of the participants in the negotiations." Presumably.

which would take matters into its own hands if the American containment policy failed.

Mr. Indyk said the Clinton; administration had carried out an important initiative for the negotiations by offering to become a "full partner" to all the parties." But he added:

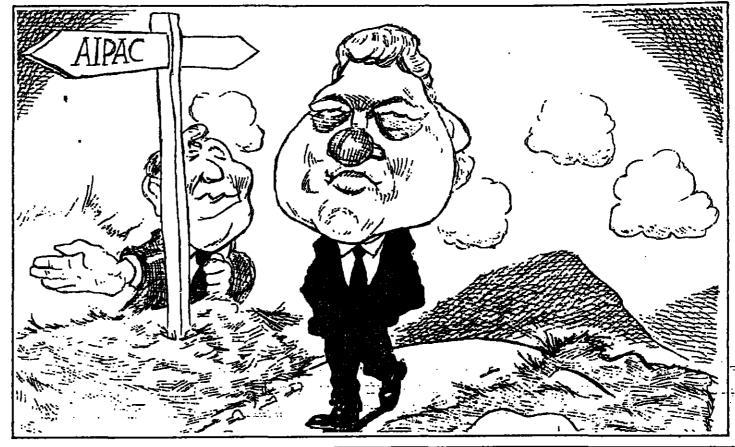
"This, however, remains a contingent offer. We can only be a full partner if the parties them. selves are willing to assume their responsibilities ... We cannot and will not substitute ourselves for their direct involvement with each other in the give-and-take of negotiations. If they are ready to solve their problems through. compromises which take account . of the minimum requirements of the other side, we are ready to act as facilitator and intermediary. But we will not be the ones to deliver or impose our will." So what does a "full partner"

mean, exactly?
Mr. Indyk went on:

The president and the secretary of state have made it clear that our approach to the negotiations will involve working with Israel, not against it. We are committed to deepening our strategic partnership with Israel in the pursuit of peace and security. Those who genuinely seek a comprehensive and real peace recognise that this cannot be accomplished without Israel undertaking a (sic) withdrawal from territory, involving tangible risks to its security. And those who seek real progress should understand that it won't come without this kind of special rela-tionship between the U.S. and

Israel can take these risks, Mr. 🐉 Indyk said, only if: "Israel is secure in the know-

ledge that the United States stands four-square behind it. That is precisely why, when the prime minister told President Clinton that he was prepared to take risks for peace, Mr. Clinton responded that our role is to minimise those risks. One way we can do that is by fulfilling our commitment to Israel's qualitative edge. Another is to establish a partnership in the development and production of hightechnology goods. That is why the president has already fulfilled his campaign pledge to establish the U.S.-Israel Science and Technology Commission under the chairmanship, on the American side, of Commerce Secretary Ron Brown - Middle East Interna-



Violence leads to debate of citizenship for foreigners

By Arthur Allen
The Associated Press

BERLIN -- His colleagues on the Berlin City Council are perfectly polite, says Ismail Kosan, but sometimes they grimace at his heavily accented German.

Mr. Kosan, a Turk, can understand that. He is the only foreign-born member of any legislative body in Germany. He became a German citizen in

April 1992 and ran for the council four months later. Mr. Kosan lost, but replaced a retiring colleague from the Greens Party soon afterward.

The 44-year-old councilman says he speaks for the country's 6.5 million foreigners, about half of whom were either born in Germany or, like Mr. Kosan, have lived here half their lives.

As Germany struggles to stop neo-Nazi violence. politicians agree something must be done to help the vulnerable foreign

But there is a problem: Germany will not embrace the foreigners until they agree to become more German, and most of the foreigners want to be accepted as "In America, you understand

that people can have different nationalities and still belong," Mr. Kosan said. "The Germans say everything must be clear: either you are German, or you

Mr. Kosan believes foreigners should be permitted to vote, hold office or work in the civil service without renouncing their original nationalities, and has collected 500,000 German signatures in favour of dual citizenship.

Debate in parliament this fall

review postwar Germany's ambivalent relationship with In the 1960s, thousands of Turkish, Italian and Yugoslav "guest workers" were drawn to German factories and mines by handsome wages. When the programme en-

on citizenship laws is likely to

ded in 1972, the "guests" not only stayed, but brought their rela-The 4.5 million longtime foreign residents have helped Ger- 1.5 million German-born children many's economy. They contri-

year, 31/2 times the \$2.2 billion in benefits paid to them, according to Stern magazine.

In recent years, 2 million more foreigners have entered Germany seeking political asylum. They include Liberians, Romanians, Kurds and 300,000 refugees from the former Yugoslavia.

Most asylum seekers are not allowed to work, and Germans have been increasingly unhappy about the cost of supporting

"The 4.5 million longtime foreign residents have belped Germany's economy. They contributed \$7.7 billion in taxes last year, 3½ times the \$2.2 billion in benefits paid to them, according to Stern maga-

Hostility towards foreigners has found its most brutal expression in the fringe movement of neo-Nazi youth. Since the begin-ning of 1992, these "skinheads" have killed 26 people and badly injured hundreds more, including asylum seekers, longtime residents and native-born Germans.

On May 29, a week after parliament passed a law restricting asylum, neo-Nazis firebombed a house in Solingen, killing five Turkish girls and women. Alarmed by the resulting

domestic and international outcry. Chancellor Helmut Kohl's government proposed laws last week to crack down on teen-age thugs. Many Germans believe, however, that the violence is too deeply rooted to be handled by police alone,

Leftists say it springs from a chauvinism that survived the defeat of Nazism and is reflected in a law, on the books since 1913, that determines citizenship on the basis of German ancestry.

Mr. Kohl has accepted the idea of citizenship for the estimated of minorities, but insists they buted \$7.7 billion in taxes last renounce their previous

citizenship and "integrate" into German society.

"With whom do I integrate?" asked Taner Aday, 40, a Turkish-born civil rights activist who has lived in Duisburg for 14 years. "I care about Germany. I want to make it more democratic. Doesn't that make me German?' Mr. Aday, who helped orga-

nise an unprecedented one-hour strike by Turkish shopkeepers June 11, says he wants all 1.8 million Turks to take their money out of the banks for a day to demonstrate their economic pow-

Some Turks insist on dual citizenship because they fear losing inheritance rights in Turkey. Others "are afraid that fascism will rise again," Mr. Kosan said. 'The Jews and gypsies didn't have another homeland, and look what happened to them."

In more than 20 interviews over several weeks, foreign residents expressed a deep alienation from German society despite the acknowledged benefits it has provided, such as schooling and health care.

"Most Germans aren't antiforeigner, but they aren't toler-ant," said Panos Vlachopoulos, 28, a business student at Bonn University who was born in Germany. "They accept me if I act German, but not if I act Greek." Officials bridle at claims that

Germans are somehow program med for xenophobia. They point out that anti-foreigner violence also is growing elsewhere in Europe, and that Germany has generously welcomed refugees. Last fall, more than 3 million Germans marched in candlelight parades against neo-Nazi vio-

Some of Mr. Kohl's allies speak with alarm of a threatened dilution of ethnic purity. In the debate on asylum seek-

ers, Edmund Stoiber, then Bavaria's interior minister and now the state governor, said Germany was being "racially infil-trated." He later apologised.

Heinrich Lummer, a conservative member of Mr. Kohl's party, said in an interview that dual citizenship would allow the Muslim Turks to form their own political parties, possibly leading

Immigration reformers warn U.S. could face ethnic turmoil

By Christopher Hines Agence France Presse

SAN FRANCISCO — The United States could see the kind of ethnic turmoil that has recently hit Europe, prompting tighter im-migration laws, if quick action is not taken, according to immigration law reformers.

"There is a danger that the immigration reform movement, which is now being led by more moderate voices, could be cap-tured by fanatics who would turn to violence and extreme measures," said Ric Oberlink, executive director of Californians for Population Stabilisation.

Mr. Oberlink's group is work-

ing to curb the environmental effects of population growth in the state that for the first time this year had to close off some of the most beautiful wildlife areas in the world, such as Yosemite Park, because of overcrowding. Luisa Parker, from the Federa-

tion for American Immigration Reform, said leaders in France and Germany failed to address immigration concerns early on. leading to neo-Nazi violence and new restrictive laws that some call

"Because political leaders did not address legitimate immigration reform there has been a violent backlash," Ms. Parker

The mounting number of illeg-al immigrants entering the United States has risen to the top of the political agenda in recent weeks after several cargo ships carrying hundreds of Chinese were seized off the U.S. coast,

Several Chinese drowned after they jumped into the chilly waters near the Statue of Liberty, the nation's symbol of liberty and freedom.

So far this year, more than 1,200 Chinese have been apprehended on the high seas, according to the U.S. Coast Guard. This is up from 619 in 1992 and only 20 in 1991.

The United States was built on immigration, but with a sputtering economy and a financiallystrapped government, many Americans feel the country cannot continue to accommodate the world's political and - more often -- economic refugees.

A poll last year found that 63 and Indonesia per cent of Californians feel there The overcro are too many immigrants in the

California's 10 per cent unemployment rate is one of the highest in the country and the state has become the most popular destination for new immigrants. A record 303,000 settled here last year, at least one-third of them illegally, according to con-servative estimates from the State

Department of Finance. Tens of thousands of Mexicans enter the state every year and by the year 2040, Hispanics are expected to outnumber whites and become the state's largest ethnic

California schools, hospitals, prisons and other facilities appear on the verge of collapse under the weight of a 2.2 per cent annual exceeds that that of India, China of immigrants," he said.

The overcrowding has promp-ted calls for state laws barring illegal aliens from public hospitals and welfare support and increased vigilance along the Mexican

Other proposed state laws: would require proof of legal residence for driver's licences and public school admission. Critics have charged that such measures are drastic and would .

undermine the driving force behind the country's economy and its supremacy in science, industry and entertainment.

"It is important that we not overreact," said Henry Der, director of Chinese for Affirma tive Action in San Francisco. "We do not have the same

situation as Europe, our country is not homogenous. We are a population growth rate, which diverse country. We are a country

LETTERS

Unique nomination

I refer to your story in the diary column, published June 24, 1993, concerning the nomination of a member of the Jordan People's Democratic Party for the Christian seat in the Zarqa constituency in the coming parliamentary elections.

I would like to emphasise that the party's Central Committee has

unanimously nominated comrade Bassam Haddadin, the first deputy secretary of the party and member of the politburo, to run in the oming elections. The party's Central Committee had taken this decision unanimous

ly at a meeting held in the Zarqa Governorate, underlining the party's unity in this matter. I should stress here that rumours about differences within party cadres over the nomination of Mr. Haddadin re totally groundless.

It is rather strange to see people involve our party in the question of nominating Mr. Adib Hawatmeh, from the Democratic Front (for the Liberation of Palestine), to run for the elections. The Democratic Front does not interfere in Jordan's internal affairs, in accordance with coordination in this matter between the party and the front. Therefore, in my belief, involving the Democratic Front in the

preparations for the elections only serves as a means of impeding the coming parliamentary election process and can only harm the ordanian-Palestinian relationship.

Tayseer Al Zibri, First Secretary of the Jordan People's Democratic Party.



Afrikaners reverse great trek as blacks fight back

By Anton Ferreira Reuter

WELLINGTON, South Africa - More than a century after their forefathers conquered the tribes of South Africa's interior, many Afrikaners are in retreat as the tide of race war swings against

Estate agents in the Cape Province, where Dutch settlers first landed 350 years ago, report a flood of sales to whites fleeing the Transvaal in the face of attacks by blacks reminiscent of the Mau-Mau campaign in Kenya.

Schalk Rabie, an estate agent in the quiet college town of Wellington, surrounded by vineyards, luceme pastures and wheat fields, said he received scores of calls every week from South Africa's northernmost province.

"The first thing Transvalers ask about a property is how far it is from the nearest black township." he said.

The Western Cape has historically had a low black population, while blacks are overwhelmingly in the majority in South Africa's three other provinces.

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Mixed-race coloureds - descended mainly from whites, their Malayan slaves and the San tribesmen who originally inhabited the area — are in the majority in the Western Cape. Another property agent who

farmers in Transvaal and Natal - farmer's wife in the northern another violence-torn province were attracted to the Western Cape by its image as a tranquil wine-growing area of oak-lined

"They think the Western Cape is one big advert for the good life, but the reality is different. Wine farms are very expensive, and the greater Cape Town area itself is one of the most violent parts of the country.

Security has become a pressing issue for white farmers following a spate of armed robberies and politically-motivated raids on their farms.

This year alone 108 attacks on farms have been reported, 81 of them in the Transvaal and only three in the Western Cape.

The farmers, many of them living on land won by conquest in the last century, blame the African National Congress and the more radical Pan Africanist Con-

ANC Youth League President Peter Mokaba has gained notoriety among conservative whites in recent weeks by leading chants of "kill the Boers, kill the farmers"

at black township rallies. In April police shot dead a member of the PAC's armed wing APLA (Azanian People's Liberation Army) and arrested eight other APLA members in

asked not to be identified said connection with the murder of a our forefathers' land." Transvaal.

> At the dead man's funeral, PAC national organiser Maxwell Nemadzivhanani said the group would "always be after farmers who have illegally occupied our

"The migration, known as the great trek, led to the establishment of independent Boer republics in the Transvaal, Orange Free State and Northern Natal on land obtained from black tribes by treaty or force of

An APLA member said in an interview in March: "Our strategy is we are going to hit (the farmers) hard until the land is taken back to its owners. We have to use the same strategy they used when they robbed us of

arms."

The main white thrust into the

interior began early in the 19th century when descendants of Dutch and French settlers began a mass migration north away from British rule in the Cape

The migration, known as the great trek, led to the establishment of independent Boer republics in the Transvaal, Orange Free State and Northern Natal on land obtained from black tribes by treaty or force of arms.

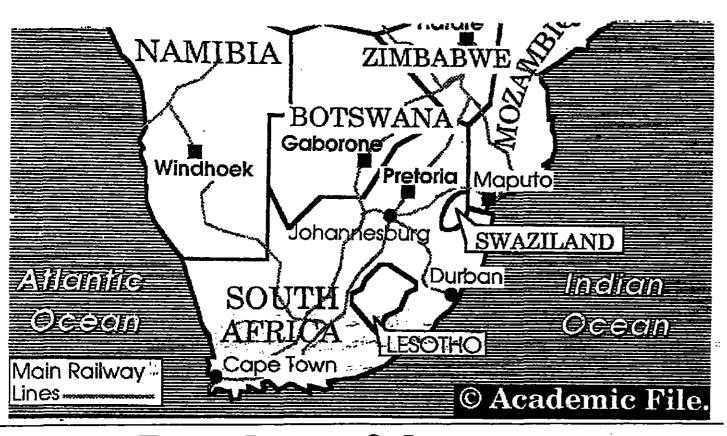
Now the Boers — Afrikaans for farmers — are in the front line

In a new twist to the lowintensity war being waged against them, cattle have in recent weeks had their tendons slashed or been hacked to death with machetes.

The farmers have pledged that no amount of intimidation will drive them from their land, issuing repeated public threats to fight rather then yield.

But the reports from estate agents indicate many see discretion as the better part of valour. "In the last couple of months we've had an enormous number of inquiries from the Transvaal.' said Frik van Heerden, a Cape Town agent dealing in farms and

The first thing they tell you is that they want to get away from



Daughter of the groom

Father-daughter relationship

By Anna Quindlen

My father was married for the third time last month. This makes him sound a good deal more Liz Taylorish than is accurate or fair. He is, happily, a good man who loves women and who, sadiy, has had two wives die of cancer. Our eldest child wanted to tell the bride, a warm and intelligent woman we liked instantly, that there was a curse on Grandpop.

But there was a blessing on him, really, and that was that he has been able to learn from death and grief the most useful lesson they can teach, the value of life and happiness. He has taught me that, too, as he has so many other

I was raised as my father's oldest son. I have always known how to fish, and I have always known how to talk back. I don't know if we girls who were so raised missed out on the standard romantic attachment to our fathers, or if it took a different

That attachment is powerful, and, oh, Dr. Freud, it is alive and well: When my daughter says to her father, "Oh, Daddy, I like your tie," she seems to imply bytone and manner that he nurtured

the worms, harvested the silk, designed the pattern, sewed in the lining and invented the fourin-hand knot, all before break-

My relationship with my father was more man to man. He required of a fully developed human being that she have exhaustively studied both Max Shulman and Machiavelli, Django Reinhardt and Louis Armstrong, that she never, ever, call N'Orlins New Or-leeens or Philadelphia Philly. His motto was "winners need not explain." He treated B's as if they were F's. He was fast and funny; if you couldn't keep up, you got left.
I kept up.

I was lucky in many ways. I've heard about the men who treat the birth of girl children as something only slightly better than a death in the family. I've read about Elizabeth Barrett and the poor Brontes. If you look in the index of Bartlett's Familiar Quotations for the word father," there are two full columns of entries. But a large number of those are references to

My father exercised only the tyranny of his expectations, but it was tyranny enough. And then,

not so many years ago, I realised that, like a heart transplant after the rejection phase, his expectations for me had become my own. And I stopped valuing myself by how my father valued me. I know from literature and life that that is perhaps the greatest passage that

human beings ever make. In her novel "The Lost Father," Mona Simpson writes of one woman's odyssey to find the parent who had abandoned her.
"I decided if I ever saw him again he would not be my father, but just a man," she says. But of course it is not really her father she is looking for at all, but herself. "I'm still looking, just not there," she concludes after the father has been found, and

found wanting. There's an axiom in Zen Buddhism that goes something like this," the novelist Mark Leyner said when his father was being honoured at a testimonial dinner. "Before you study Zen, a mountain is just a mountain; while you study Zen, a mountain is more than a mountain; when you've finished studying Zen, a mountain is just a mountain."

I confess that this is the first Zen wisdom that has ever seized my fancy instantly. My father is Times.

just a mountain to me now, a man and not a mirror. This enables me to love him as I never could when I saw only my own splayed reflection in the lenses of his glasses. His expectations were hard on me, but they took me places I would never have gone otherwise. A curse, a blessing, all in one. We might as well have a universal support group: Adult Children of Parents.

I have never understood those people who believe it is possible to cut the ties that bind without taking a big chunk out of yourself. My first word was Bob, which is my father's name. Perhaps it was when I had children myself that I lost the habit, carried well into adulthood, of seeing him through a child's eyes.

I was less the daughter of the groom at his wedding than I was the mother of the flower girl, worried more about whether she would lift her flowered skirts over her head during the ceremony than bow I felt about yet another woman in my father's life. My father says my daughter is much like me when small. And my daughter loves her daddy so. And so it goes, has always gone, will always go — The New York

Occupied territories face environmental crisis

THE ISRAELI-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip face an environmental crisis in which water resources are being overexploited and pollution from domestic and industrial waste is mounting, according to a United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) report.

Prepared by a team of experts who visited late last year, the report said: "Gaza's aquifer is being severely overexploited and salinated, to the extent that wells are going out of operation and water is becoming unpalatable and in certain areas even unusable for irrigation.'

It stressed that the problem "is of crisis dimensions and rapidly

Reviewing the report, the London daily Mid-East Mirror quoted UNDP official John Oliver, who organised the mission, as mian sources as saying that 78,000 saying: "By the end of the 1990s, effectively they will be out of

Only about one quarter of Gaza's population is served by sewers. The rest must use latrines that drain into cesspits, many of which frequently overflow. "The abundant waste water and solid waste throughout the urban landscape contribute to the overall destruction of Gaza's water re-

sources," said the UNDP report. The Jordan River is a key water source for the West Bank but its flow is now only about one quarter of the 1950 level, and is

increasingly saline. "Another highly controversial fertilise plots "in all likelihood issue has been the removal of producing contaminated vegettrees, in particular olive trees, by the occupying power," said the UNDP report. It quoted Palesti-. Gaza Strip toxic industrial waste British Understanding, London.

olive trees had been uprooted in recent years because of alleged security concerns.

This, combined with heavy grazing by livestock and unterraced cultivation of slopes has meant that "the fragile topsoil of the West Bank is at serious risk."

Towns in the West Bank are served by sewers, but most of them discharge untreated waste into stream beds. "The mission saw streams largely composed of raw sewage flowing in the dry season far away from towns, said the UNDP report. It noted that the waste was often used to

In both the West Bank and

ables."

is mixed with household garbage and dumped in landfills. These "pose major pollution to soil and water" especially in the West Bank where pollutants can travel easily and quickly into groundwater and public water supplies which are not tested for trace chemicals, said the report.

The UNDP mission noted that life expectancy in the occupied territories, at 65 years, was eleven years less than within Israel. "A high and rapidly increasing population density, a large proportion of refugees, a high level of unemployment, a gross negligence of the infrastructure and increasing scarcity of water are among the major factors that determine the gloomy picture," said the report - Council for the Advancement of Arab-

hatchet in battle for Bosnian town

Serbs and Croats bury the

By Natela Cutter Reuter

KONJIC, Bosnia - "My enemy's enemy is my best friend," said Mirko, a Serbian soldier, sharing a bottle of homebrewed alcohol with Ante, a Croatian, in a mountain-top bunker above the Muslim-held town of Konjic.

Until two months ago, Serbs and Croats were shooting at each other near Konjic, fighting for control of the fertile banks of the Neretva River,

Now the former enemies are fighting the Muslims of Konjic

together.
The two soldiers reminisce about their days in military school, showing pictures of their children and chatting about mutual

Below them is a spectacular view of the dark forests of central Bosnia, carpeted with wild flowers and strawberries. Recently repopulated Croatian farms can be seen with children playing in

In the valley Muslim forces have held Konjic since expelling Croats in April from the town whose pre-war population of 20,000 was 52 per cent Muslim, 26 per cent Croat and 14 per cent

Bosnia's Serbs and Croats have increasingly become friends since the breakdown in June of an alliance between the Muslim-led Bosnian army and the Croat Defence Force (HVO).

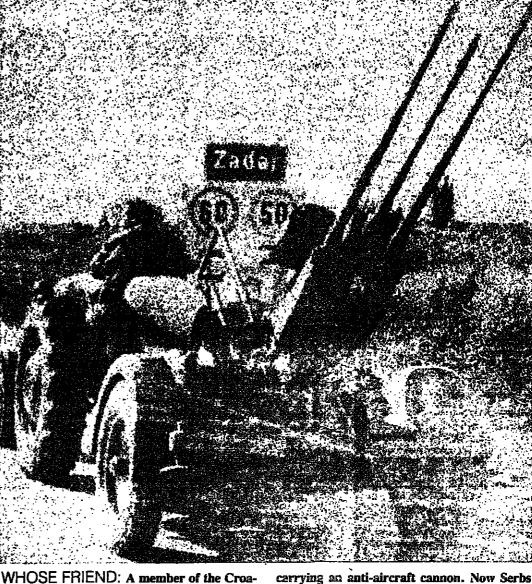
A new peace plan agreed by the Serbs and Croats to divide Bosnia-Herzegovina into three ethnic states - Serb, Croat and Muslim - has brought them closer together.

The agreement killed off a scheme by international mediators Cyrus Vance and Lord Owen to divide Bosnia-Herzegovina into 10 semi-autonomous

It also unleashed a struggle for living space between Muslims Croats in central Bosnia where the Muslim state will be

Despite Konjic's pre-war Muslim majority, the Vance-Owen plan alloted the region to the Croats. But a surprise Muslim offensive pushed them out of the town, 50 kilometres southwest of the Bosnian capital, Saraievo.

Ivan Zilic, an HVO commander who came to the Serb bunker for help, said the conflict between Croats and Muslims erupted when a local radio announcement in mid-April ordered all Croatian



tian Home Defence Forces rides a tractor

carrying an anti-aircraft cannon. Now Serbs and Croats are allies in their fight against Bosnian Muslims (AFP photo)

Only a few hundred Serbs and Croats remain in the town, either imprisoned by the Muslims or under house arrest. The nearest Croat-held territories are 15 kilometres away.

Croats have also been forced by Muslim onslaughts this month to flee the central Bosnian towns of Travnik and Kakanj.

lishing contact with (Croat con-

Clinging to positions on the edge of Konjic, pounded by Mus-lim artillery and surrounded on three sides by Muslim forces and by Serbs on the fourth, the Croats have turned to the Serbs for help.... Konjic and have no way of estab-

civilians and HVO members out of Konjic. trolled) regions," said Mr. Zilic as the bottle passed among soldiers in the bunker.

"We are forced to lean on the Serbs. They have been helping us mostly with their artillery and food and they take in our wounded," he added.

"When we saw what was going on in Konjic we started helping them (Croats) with our artillery. said Bosnian Serb Colonel Risto Lasarevic. So far 30 wounded Croat civilians and soldiers had been evacuated to hospital

through Serb-held territory... In return HVO forces have helped Serbs escape from Muslim "We are completely isolated in areas. Before the roads to Koniic were blocked. Croats shared petrol and ammunition with Serbs.

alcohol for Serb cigarettes. "We are mostly afraid that the

situation will force us to completely evacuate the whole civilian population from Konjic (region)," said Mr. Zilic. Drago Simunovic, another HVO soldier, said the former

Croat-Muslim alliance was never very firm. "The Muslims are our worst enemies now. We must do everything to confront them.' Mr. Simunovic wore the same uniform as the Serb soldiers and

We can cooperate well with Serbs because it was always clear cut which territories belong to them and which to us." he said.

spoke with the same Bosnian

Little killers that have been around for a long time

Are dioxins really the world's deadliest chemicals?

the world's deadliest chemicals, with a millionth of a gramme enough to kill a guinea pig. A month ago Greenpeace issued a report, Dioxin Factories, which blamed European PVC manufacturers for emitting dioxins. It speculated that enough dioxin was produced each year to give everyone in the world more than the fimit set by the World Health Organisation (WHO).

Dioxins are organochlorine derivatives, and over the past 20 years they have been found in weedkillers, water supplies, paper products, even breast milk. In all cases the cause appeared to be industrial use of chlorine.

Less well-publicised has been the discovery of dioxins in soil samples collected in Britain 150 years ago, and in sediments from Japan that were deposited more than 8,000 years ago. We now realise that dioxins are not new; they have been around since the time of the dinosaurs, or whenever there first were forest fires.

However, it was an accident at a chemical works near Seveso in Italy that alerted people to them. On 10 July 1976, an explosion scattered over the town a white powder containing about 3,000g of dioxin. For days children played in the curious "snow" before the population was evacuated. But despite all the publicity about hazards and dioxin's toxicity, no

When the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) tested dioxin for its ability to cause cancer, it was startled to find that it was the most carcinogenic compound it had ever encountered. However, when a group of German workers who had been exposed to excess dioxin after an accident in 1954 were monitored 37 years later, most were still alive and well. Of those who had died, the incidence of cancer was only slightly higher than ex-

As the techniques of chemical

DIOXINS ARE often said to be analysis improved it became possible to detect smaller and smaller amounts of dioxin until we can now measure as little as a million-billionth of a gram. We can show that dioxins are produced quite naturally when we light a bonfire, smoke a cigarette or even strike a match. The safe daily dose set by the WHO for humans is as low as onethousandth of a billionth of a gramme, so it would take a mere two grammes to give everybody in the world this amount every day for a year.
There is no doubt that dioxins

are dangerous, but how dangerous is a matter of debate. On the one hand, there are environmental researchers who believe the background levels are already too high and may be affecting human health and fertility. On the other, the chemicals industry is taking great care to eliminate the dioxins it produces and prevent them escaping. "Contrary to what the Greenpeace report says, the amount of dioxins emitted by the PVC industry in the UK is minute," says Dr. John Baldwin, environmental affairs manager of Hydro Polymers, the UK subsidiary of Norsk Hydro, whose plants in Norway and Sweden the report

Thirty years ago dioxins were identified as contaminants in the manufacture of weedkillers. Apart from a research chemist who once made 20g of dioxin, no one set out deliberately to make them, but they are produced in significant quantities as byproducts in chlorination processes. The closing of plants that once manufactured weedkillers, and controls at other plants using chlorine, have reduced dioxin emissions to a few grammes, until today the largest emitters are thought to be municipal waste incinerators. Crematoria also emit some.

Nevertheless, the dioxins that contaminated the environment in the past remain, and some end up in our food. Dr. Paul Johnston



An Italian child exposed to dioxins in 1976

and Ruth Stringer, of the Greenpeace Laboratory at Exeter University, have been researching the dispersal of dioxins throughout the environment. They argue that the WHO limits for tolerable the level at which we already Independent.

"To protect human health, food purity and land values, and prevent further contamination of the wider environment, it is vital that highly contaminated sites be cleaned up," say Dr. Johnston and Ms. Stringer in a paper soon to be published. They even suggest that one way of doing this would be to extract the dioxins from polluted soil by using liquefied carbon dioxide.

The world's leading analyst of dioxins is Professor Christoffer

Rappe, of the University of Umea in Sweden, whose skill is such that he can identify all 210 closely related chemicals that come into this category, of which only 17 are toxic. Earlier analyses lumped them all together and so gave cause for concern, whereas the real danger was actually very small. In 1991 Professor Rappe discovered dioxins in soil samples gathered at Rothamsted, Hertfordshire, more than a century ago, long before chlorine-based chemical industries came into existence. His work shows dioxin levels in soils have increased from an earlier 30 to today's 90 picogrammes per gramme (parts per 1,000 billion), and this can be blamed mainly on the chemicals industry, although car exhausts and furnaces have played a part. At the turn of the century, industry began to use chlorine to manufacture safer solvents and antiseptics, and from about 1950 it also made chlorinated plastics

such as PVC and organochlorine weedkillers. These were used as Agent Orange in the Vietnam war, and for eight years were sprayed to kill trees and expose Viet Cong troops. About 50 million litres of herbicide were deployed, carrying with it 150,000g daily doses, which are set at a of dioxins. Today, a chemical thousandth of a billionth of a plant making PVC typically emits gramme, should be brought into about one gramme of dioxin a ine with those set by the EPA. year. A municipal incinerator This recommends a limit of less may produce up to 750g, but than a millionth of a billionth of a these can be contained. The dioxgramme, although this is below in scares are nearly over - The

OECD report sees serious systemic risks in world securities trading

PARIS (AFP) — The Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) in a report released Sunday said there was a strong case for official supervision of worldwide securities and derivatives trading.

"The issue of systemic risk remains serious." the OECD said, stressing the prospect of a "sizeable" expansion of trading in the years ahead in highly sophisticated markets boosted by innovation, new technology and deregulation, and increasingly dominated by institutional rather than individual investors.

In a survey of financial market trends. OECD financial experts cautioned against the proliferation of large-scale trading of over-the counter derivatives — such as futures, options, swaps and related hedging instruments - "in which intermediaries assume large credit exposures and market

of the system - for instance the insolvency or a major intermediary or a sharp price fall in a specific market - could "reverbate throughout the financial markets and cause a series of bankruptcies or liquidity prob-

This could inflict major losses on companies otherwise behaving "prudently," or require official support or intervention.

OECD staffers also said there were signs that credit risks might be increasing in this type of

And they noted that since the number of participants in the markets was declining, "the fai-lure of any sizeable intermediary may have proportionally greater systemic consequences than in

The survey stressed the need

bond and currency markets and macroeconomic policies.

The changes in the securities markets had bred a new class of professionals with "specific mandates to maximise yields" and who would therefore seek to 'identify and exploit any perceived inconsistency or lack of credibility," in government poli-

Reactions to inconsistent or mistaken policies could therefore lead to "much faster" fortfolio decisions by institutional investors than in the past, it said.

Other arguments in favour of official supervision of markets despite the complexity and possibly excessive cost of regulation stemmed from the discovery that some major securities market intermediaries had engaged in The survey stressed the need "market manipulation and fraud for improved understanding of in highly developed economies."

potnetial exists for criminal market manipulation" even in internationalised markets dominated "professionals," the OECD

It also stressed that the large volume of funds managed by institutional investors - mainly insurance companies and pension funds as well as a variety of 'collective" investment funds raises "issues of prudential super-

Against the background of the ageing of OECD populations, these companies and funds would be responsible for a large share of assets needed to guarantee decent retirement incomes for a

growing part of the population. Since these institutions were managing a growing share of the savings of small savers, "this may be the most serious issue in the area of investor protection in the future," the OECD survey said.

Japan's blue chips rush to set up China ventures

TOKYO (R) — Japan's blue chip firms, from NEC to Honda and Shiseido, are throwing off their usual caution and rushing to invest in China, which promises growth unmatched in any other market, officials and economists have said.

Contracted Japanese investment in China in 1992 surged by 170 per cent from 1991 levels, to \$2.173 billion, with 1,805 projects - up 200 per cent - according to figures from Japan's ministry of international trade and industry.

"Investment from Japan has increased dramatically in recent years," said Kenji Hattori, head of research at the Japan-China Association of Economy Trade.

"The difference from before is that many firms are eyeing the market itself more than its value as a production base. Another change is aggressive investment by big firms," he said.

Last year, computer giant NEC, eager to grap a share of Peking's ambitious telecommunications budget, invested \$32 million to set up with a Chinese partner in Tianjin a venture to produce digital switching systems, the first Japanese telecom maker to set up such a factory in

NEC holds 35 per cent of the venture, which is due to start production at the end of June. By the end of this century, China plans to boost its ratio of telephone sets from the current 1.5 per 100 people to five per 100. putting in service 100 million exchange lines this decade and making it the largest telecommunications market on earth.

"The Chinese market has enormous potential and is becoming more and more attractive," said Hideo Terai, general manager of NEC's China plant project division. "You can imagine how huge the market will be just by calcu-

lating the population."
For Honda Motors, the allure is motorcycles. In only six months from last

August, Honda set up three joint ventures in China, with a total capital of \$57 million, to get a share of the world's largest motorcycle market of over two million units a year.
"Soaring individual incomes

and poor infrastructure lift demand for motocycles," said Shin Tanaka, assistant manager of public relations at Honda. "The market will continue to

grow till the end of this century, when the passenger car market will take off," he said.

He said a motorcycle market took off when a country's gross national product per person reached \$1,000. The real figure in

China is close to that level despite official estimates putting it at

Shiseido. Japan's biggest producer of cosmetics, is keen to ride a consumer boom that is changing the lifestyle of Chinese and persuading them to trade in their Mao jackets for Western clothes and cosmetics.

Shiseido took a 65 per cent stake in a joint venture in Peking, capitalised at one billion yen (\$9 million), which will start selling face lotions and cosmetics next year and aims to post sales of 10 billion yen (\$90 million) in 1996.

But so strong was demand that Shiseido started direct exports last December without waiting for production to start at the Peking plant, as originally plan-

"Foreigners were allowed to open department stores in China last autumn, which enabled us to dispaly cosmetics in those elegant shops," said Yasutaka Mori, director of international business development at Shiseido and chairman of the joint venture. 'So we brought forward the pro-

duct marketing schedule." "Our brands are very popular there even though products are 50 to 80 per cent more expensive than in Japan after tariffs," said

Shipping losses decrease

LONDON (AFP) - The number of ships lost at sea declined in :4 1992 while the number scrapped % rose to its highest level for five years, shipping information service Lloyd's Register said Mon-

A total of 213 ships were lost last year after 258 lost in 1991. Lloyd's said. Around 80 per cent of them were more than 15 years at old when they sank.

The number of fatalities fell to -246, the lowest number of deaths since 1980, Lloyd's said.

At the same time, the amount of tonnage demolished in the year rose to 6.6 million tonnes (1,004 ships), the highest level since

Analysts still feel that this falls far short of the levels required to have any significance for the dry cargo and tanker market," the Lloyd's report said.

China emerged as the world's largest shipbreaking nation and is clearly going to dominate the industry over the foreseeable fu-China demolished one third of the tonnage, followed by India with 29 per cent and Bang-

possible liability stemming from

the flight of a former company

nection with Italy's long-running

been missing abroad since Febru-

ary, is accused by Milan magis-

trates of donating some 250 mil-

Giuseppe Garofano, who has

president who is wanted in con-

Gulf Arab states seek to protect investments in the West

ABU DHABI (AFP) - Gulf Arab states are holding talks with the European Community (EC) to protect their overseas investments, a Gulf Cooperation Coun-

cil (GCC) official said. The six GCC states, which have more than \$350 billion in investment abroad, also plan to hold similar contacts with the United States, a newspaper quoted the GCC economic chief as saving.

"There is a draft agreement within the framework of the Euro-Arab dialogue to protect and encourage investment between the two sides. It will be signed soon," said Abdullah Al Quwaiz. "GCC states are called on to

play their role in protecting overseas private investment through signing bilateral and collective agreements," he added. Sheikh Quwaiz did not say

what the protection would cover but Gulf states have suffered large losses due to currency fluctuation, stock market crises, fraud and malpractice. They include Kuwaiti invest-

ments in Spain and the Abu and Commerce International. Most of the Gulf's overseas assets are based in the West in stocks, real estate and bank deposits, while around \$160 billion are in private funds.

"There are plans to hold talks with the United States to reach a similar agreement," said Sheikh Quwaiz, assistant secretary general for economic affairs in the oil-rich GCC.

But we hope the United States will change its views that Gulf states are merely a source of

Business leader urges Bonn to launch economic offensive

BONN (R) — The president of the Federation of German Industry Monday urged the Bonn gov-ernment and workers to take concrete action to revive the economy, which he said showed no signs of a recovery from reces-

"We need an economic offensive for strengthening confidence and growth," President Tyll Necker told a news conference. Massive increases in taxes and public spending are a considerable obstacle for an (economic). recovery... there are no signs yet of a turnaround.

He called on the government to consolidate budgets through lower spending and without tax increases, to cut corporate taxes and to accelerate the privatisation of state-owned firms, such as the German railway, the Bundessectors of public budgets are urgently necessary to restore the confidence of investors and consumers," he said.

"We are seeing the beginning of transformation to the state economy from a market eco-nomy," he said, adding the state's share in the gross national product rose to well over 50 per cent from 45 per cent before unifica-

Mr. Necker also urged workers to do without new wage rises, freezing their incomes at current levels until the end of 1994.

'The wage accords in western Germany this year were not enough to correct wrong developments over the last few years sufficiently," he said. "With a real decline in gross social product, there is nothing to distri-

Necker said Germany could lose up to 800,000 jobs or 10 per cent of the country's total industrial workforce as high costs were forcing firms to move labourintensive production to Eastern

"As a three-fold champion of high labour costs, short working hours and high corporate taxes, we are on the downward path," he said.

At the news conference, Mr. Necker welcomed efforts by Finance Minister Theo Waigel to embark on an unpopular budget saving scheme and Economics Minister Guenter Rexrodt's plan to draft regulations to secure Germany's future as an invest-

But he criticised the government's plan to introduce a longterm nursing care system next year, financed by equal contributions by employers and workers, sion fund contributions.

Montedison announces \$1.1 billion loss

MILAN (R) - Montedison SPA, industrial arm of financially troubled food-to-chemicals group Ferruzzi, said Monday its 1992 loss had been 1.68 trillion lire (\$1.1 billion), some 30 per cent higher than first announced.

Acting Vice-President Carlo Sama told a shareholders' assembly the increased losses were suffered by a group financing company, Montedison International

Holding.

Mr. Sama gave no further details and he did not immediately explain why the loss had not appeared on the group's balance sheet when it was first published on May 28.

Creditor banks are drawing up a rescue plan for the group, Ita-

month it could no longer keep up payments on its 30 trillion lire (\$19 billion) gross debt.

Banks, in agreement with the group, have already named a new president and managing director for the group to implement the eventual reorganisation of Fer-ruzzi which is likely to include heavy asset sales as well as a debt restructuring.
Shareholders and analysts

reacted angrily to news of the increased loss.

'Thank God, I am only a small shareholder," said one investor in a speech to the assembly. "I could have lost all I have," he

Ferruzzi and Montedison share prices have shed around half their value since the company first

"It is really not on," said one London-based share analyst, who asked not to be identified. "Both

the company and their auditors corruption scandal. have a lot of questions to answer," he said, referring to news of the higher loss. Mr. Sama said the company was also making a 500 million lire lion lire (\$162,000) to the ruling

(\$322,000) provision against any Christian Democrats.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY JUNE 29, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Private concerns can be solved and made workable tonight so be sure not to waste a moment garnering the information you need con-fidentially. Evening also fine for social pleasure and betterment.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You now are able to find the right person to give you the suggestions you desire in order to have your business affairs working in good

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Whatever you can do to improve the value of your relations with other persons appearance wise or in health is good, but tonight avoid arguments.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Think about how to get some confidential information that can aid you in increasing the worth of whatever you own, tonight avoid a

discussion at home. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You now have some prac-tical minded acquaintances who can give you the right slant to gain a most cherished longing, tonight

be economical.

43 Entremely

(APD:GVe) 47 Dolt 49 Dobbin's Jare

51 Harrdy labbr 52 Fulfill (a need)

54 Tropical flavor

58 Snow vehicle

59 Plato s flack

62 Latin about 63 Was sorry 64 Race official

65 Toddler 6: Fce

DOWN

i Pretense 2 Youth

goddess 3 Venezueia

44 WW !! decoration 45 — motion

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Think about your worldly position and how it can be improved by your own conscientious attention to it. tonight don't force personal issues

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) This is your day to be off and away during spare moments to new and worthwhile places while in the evening a secret annoyance should be ignored.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You find it possible to handle whatever material concerns arise wisely during the day but tonight you need to consider where you are headed.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Confer with a money conscious partner early about an important joint project and come to a wise conclusion, tonight don't go out on the town for pleasure. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to

December 21) Being very down to earth in doing whatever activities face you now can bring you con-siderable success while later avoid a newcomer who wants something. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) This is a day not only to arrange some future pleasures

but also to spend spare moments enjoying yourself, tonight don't be AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Do something your family will appreciate before you get into other outside activities but tonight sidestep a partner who has a tre-

mendous ego. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Certainly contact whoever is available with whom you have usual contact and get them to go along with your plans, tonight do what protects health.

"Harsh measures to reduce Separately, in an interview and to raise fuel taxes and penly's second largest private firm. structural budget deficits in all with Manager magazine, Mr. after Ferruzzi said earlier this Uganda pledges money reform to foster growth

tax reforms it said were aimed at in Africa," he said. maintaining the fiscal discipline

Finance Minister Josh Mayanja Nkangi said the foreign currency exchange market would be liberalised further by ending weekly foreign exchange auctions and introducing a unified inter-bank market in these deals.

Presenting the government's 1993/94 budget to parliament, he said the Central Bank of Uganda would be freed from government control, turned into an autonomous body and recapitalised. "With these changes, Uganda

will then have one of the most per cent," he said. unveiled foreign exchange and liberal foreign exchange regimes

that brought low inflation and Bank, which conducts 40 per cent per cent in value against a basket high growth in financial year of commercial lending in Ugan- of for n currencies in the last da, would also be recapitalised. Its non-performing loans would be removed from its books under a \$125 million reform programme

backed by the World Bank. Mr. Nkangi said the economy grew by seven per cent in the year to June 1993, exceeding its target gross domestic product rate of five per cent. Growth for 1993/94 was forecast at five per cent.

The government beat its target inflation rate of 15 per cent from 66 per cent a year ago.

The government achieved ex-

change rate stability and the shill-The Uganda Commercial ing currency depreciated only two year. 1 terest rates dropped to 25 per cent from 40, he said.

"The high growth in 1992/1993 is due to better housekeeping. The system of cashflow management has improved, government departments coordinate with each other better and the government has religiously taken the medicine prescribed by the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund," Mr. Nkangi

Government resources were "Inflation for the last 12 estimated to go up 26 per cent in months to June 1993 is minus 1.3 estimated to go up 26 per cent in 1993-1994 to 482.5 billion shill-

ings (\$386 million) from 384.1 billion (\$307.3 million) in 1992/

The government will cut by half — about 68,000 — its bloated civil service in 1993/1994 but an extra 89 billion shillings (\$71.2 million) will be given to remaining workers as salary increases. Debt stock remained at \$2.6

billion, or 100 per cent of GDP, he said, but added without elaborating that there had been an improvement in debt servicing. He attributed this to implementation of a comprehensive debt strategy agreed by the gov-ernment with the Paris Club of

donors. The government of President Yoweri Museveni, who won power in 1986 after waging a five-year

Mr. Nkangi, partly addressing donors' concerns over high military spending, said 23,000 soldiers had been demobilised from the 80,000-strong army but left de-

fence expenditure unchanged

guerrilla war, has been im-

plementing harsh economic re-forms ordered by the West.

from last year.

In a bid to widen the government's revenue base, Mr. Nkangi imposed new taxes on all allowances and benefits. There was no new tax on coffee

cent of Uganda's foreign exchange earnings. He also removed retail price controls from petroleum products, the last price regulation in

exports, which account for 70 per

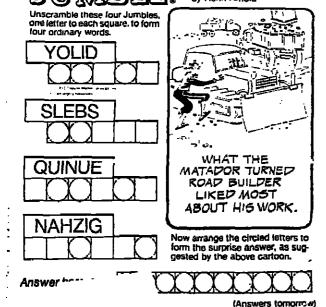
THE BETTER HALF, By Glasbergen **Peanuts**



with your fork!" JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold Unscramble these lour Jumbles one letter to each square, to form

"It's bad manners to comb your hair at.

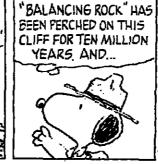
the dinner table — especially



Jumbles: GRAIN CHAFE OMELET COERCE

What the melancholy painter made— A LONG FACE



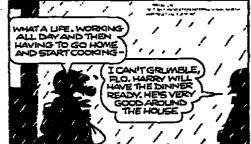






Uganda.

Andy Capp



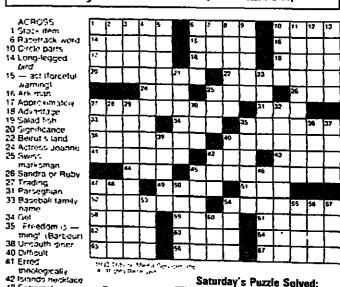




Mutt'n'Jeff



THE Daily Crossword by Melvin Kenworthy



& Farway bend Dier Circuitous 12 Pirague 13 Movie dassic 21 Used TLC 23 Tasteless Evplosive Clef or drum — wan: for

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57 High nest 60 Tabby or Fido

Foreign investment in Jordan is still low

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Statistics show that nian to be a public shareholding Jordan has not yet succeeded in attracting an acceptable level of foreign investment despite the Kingdom's continued efforts to activate both local and foreign investments through repeated policy and legislation adjustments towards that end.

According to a study prepared by Hamad Kasasbeh, assistant to the head of Research and Studies Department at the Central Bank of Jordan, the registered capital of foreign companies in Jordan has not exceeded seven per cent of the overall capital of all com-

panies registered in the Kingdom between the years 1975-1990. Even in 1992, the year when investment expenditure was at a noticeably high level. Dr. Kasasbeh said the capital of foreign companies did not exceed 10 per cent of the overall capital of all companies registered in Jordan.

Addressing an economic symposium organised by the Centre for Strategic Studies and held at the University of Jordan in the middle of June, Dr. Kasasbeh said that the slow pace of privatisation in the country was an inhibiting factor towards a greater private sector investment.

Dr. Kasasbeh pointed out that out of five public institutions slated for privatisation under the economic adjustment programme, the government has only agreed to transfer Royal Jorda-

COMPANY'S NAME

JORDAN NATIONAL BANK

JORDAN NATIONAL BANK
BANK OF LOPEAN
MIDDLE EAST INFESTMENT BANK.
INDUSTRIAL TEFELOPHENT BANK
THE HOUSING BANK
JORDAN NUMBER BANK
JORDAN IS STANKE BANK
JORDAN IS BANK
UNION BANK FOR SAVING & INVESTMENT
BUSINESS BANK
BUSINESS BANK
BEIT ELAAL SAVINGERWESTMENT FOR ME

UNION ESCAPIC BUSY
UNION EARY FOR SAVING & INVESTMENT
BUSINESS BARY FOR SAVING & INVESTMENT
BETT ELMAL SAVINGE INVESTMENT
ARAB BARKING COPPORATION/JORDAN
PHILADELPHIA INVESTMENT BANK.
JORDAN INSURANCE
JORDAN FREMCH INSURANCE
UNIVERSAL INSURANCE
YAMPOUT INSURANCE & REINSURANCE
JORDAN GULF INSURANCE
JORDAN GULF INSURANCE
JORDAN GULF INSURANCE
JORDAN GULF INSURANCE
JORDAN BATIONAL ALIZ INSURANCE
JORDAN TOURISM SECTIFY
ARAB INTERNATIONAL BOTELS
JORDAN HATIONAL SHIPPING LIMES
JORDAN TOURISM & SPA COMPLET
NATIONAL PRICE ESTATE INVESTMENT
PETPA ENTERNATIONAL BOTELS
JORDAN TOURISM & SPA COMPLET
RAL ESTATE SYSTEMM
JORDAN GULF PEAL ESTATE INVESTMENT
PETPA ENTERNATIONAL THATME CENTER
HACHINARY EQUIP PENTING & HAINTENANCE
JORDAN PRESS & PUBLISHING CONTER
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JORDAN PRESS & PUBLISHING CAPOUS
BARB INTERNATIONAL THATME CENTER
HACHINARY EQUIP PENTING & HAINTENANCE
JORDAN PRESS & PUBLISHING CAPOUS
JORDAN PRESS & PUBLISHING TAB-DUGATION
JORDAN TORCOTO & CIGARETTES
ARAB INTERNATIONAL THATME & EDUCATION
JORDAN TORCOTO & CIGARETTES
ANTANCES CONTENTS THAT DEDUCATION
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JORDAN PONSPHATE HINES

JORDAN TOBACCO & CIGAPETTES
ATTANGES CONST. NATEPIAL NANUFACTURING
THE JORDAN CEMENT PACTORIES
JORDAN PHOSPHATE HIRES
THE ARAB POTASH
JORDAN PETROLEUM REFINARY
JORDAN PETROLEUM REFINARY
JORDAN TERROLEUM
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THE JORDAN PIESS MANUFACTURING
JORDAN PAPES & CAPABOARD PACTORIES
THE FUELIC MINING
ARAB CHESTICAL DETERMENT
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RAWTHER INVESTMENT UNIVERSAL MODERN INDUSTRIES

GRAND TOTAL

Financial

Markets

Currency

Sterling Pound

Deutsche Mark

Swiss Franc

French Franc

Japanese Yen

The lecturer attributed the limited investment climate in Jordan to other two factors, namely: A- The lack of coordination and duplicity of functions of the

corporation that looks after free zones and the corporation that follows up on industrial cities.

B- The weak institutional structure to attract foreign investment. The researcher said that the department concerned with encouraging investments at the Ministry of Industry and Trade has no international relations as its services are locally limited to providing information, conducting studies and following up on

projects under establishment. Dr. Kasasbeh listed several measures which, he said, the government had taken over the years to boost investment. Specifically, the factors were in the following

1) Achieving stability for the national currency, controlling inflationary pressures and freeing foreign currency regulations. 2) Rebuilding the Kingdom's

financial reserves to an acceptable level of JD 3.3 billion in 3) Activating and developing exports through special export

financing schemes. 4) Reorganising and upgrading the banking system.

4.800 4.900 4.900 5.900 4.900 5.900 5.900 5.900 5.000 5.100 4.250 1.870 1.800 3.210 2.710 2.710 4.250 3.200 3.200 3.200 4.470 1.470 4.470 4.470 4.470 4.470 4.470 6.810

amman financial market HOUSING BANK CERTER AMMAN - SHREISARI TELEPHONE: 660170 / 663170 OPGANICED MARKET SKRE PRICE LIST FOR MONDAY 28/06/1992 Updating, expanding and modernising all infrastructure re-6) Gradual reduction in the

budget deficit 7) Restructuring Jordan's fore-

8) Widening tax and customs incentives to investors. 9) Developing free zones and

ndustrial cities. Dr. Kasasbeh pointed out that between 1982-1992, 144 firms. with a JD 186 million investment volume, were licensed to function in the Sahab industrial city. These firms employed 7,600 workers,

At Al Hassan industrial city, 39 industries, having a JD 26.8 million investment volume, were set

up between 1982-1992. These projects provided 961 employment opportunities. The central bank researcher emphasised that the small and

limited size of the local market and its vulnerability to developments in neighbouring regional markets, in addition to the political and military instability in the Arab area have all been hindrances to bring Arab and foreign investment to Jordan.

plains, government policies have always been faced with these obstacles in trying to lure higher levels of Arab and foreign investments to the Kingdom.

To improve and increase local and foreign investments in the Kingdom, Dr. Kasasbeh proposed taking more advantage of the resources available at the Islamic Development Bank

By having the IDB enter as a parter in the capital of productive projects, other parties will be encouraged to join in the funding

of the projects which the IDB had verified as feasible and viable, Dr. Kasasbah said. He noted that the IDB had a \$22.7 million investment in the capital of four

productive projects in Jordan. Dr. Kasasbeh stressed that the Kingdom should upgrade and intensify marketing Jordan's geographic suitability, highly qualified and cheap workforce, internal stability and security and the relatively distinctive touristic, high education and medical services in the region in order to create a

better investment climate. He also saw the need of an institutional framework to encourage foreign investment, especially by hastening the establishment of the National Investment Corporation to start promoting and attracting investments to Jor-

Another suggestion was that the Jordan Free Zones Corporation concentrates on encouraging industrial exports and the Jordan Industrial Cities Corporation primarily meet the needs of the local market.

The researcher envisaged high investment activity from both the Social Security Corporation (SSC) and the Jordan Investment Corporation (JIC) on the condition both institutions activate their roles by directing their funds to various economic sectors.

He noted that recent figures showed that deposits at banks and financial institutions constituted 41 per cent of the SSC's total assets, whereas develop-

ment bonds, stocks and shares covered 27 per cent of the total.

The JIC figures were not any better as the corporation had 84 per cent of its assets in shares while deposits at banks covered 13 per cent of the total.

Dr. Kasasbeh stressed the need to give privatisation a more senous consideration in order to reduce the government's budget deficit to lessen the role of the public sector in the economy and. consequently, jump-start the private sector to command higher responsibilities in the national

In conclusion, the researcher called for giving small enterprises additional financial support to lessen unemployment and create wider investment activity.

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Registered companies from 1975 - 1990 in JD millions

Үеаг	Number	Total capital	Foreign Investment capital	Percentage of foreign investment	
1975	942	15.1	0.7	4.6	-
1976	1347	28.3	1.8	6.5	
1977	1262	38.5	2.6	6.7	
1978	1383	38.3	2.5	6.8	
1979	1240	35.7	0.9	2.8	
1980	1213	35.5	1.8	5.2	
1981	1636	39.1	0.9	2.3	
1982	1657	44.2	2.2	5.0	
1983	1873	48.1	5.8	12.0	
1984	1845	48.7	2.5	5.1	
1985	1801	49.7	4.6	9.3	
1986	1921	36.8	4.1	11.2	
1987	1990	38.9	2.2	5.7	
1988	1974	39.3	3.4 ·	8.7	
1989	1840	43.1	2.1	5.1	
1990	2393	46.2	7.9	17.1	
Total	_	624.8	46.6	7.0	

Investment indicators from 1975 — 1992 in JD millions

year	Investment spending	growth %	sbare % In GDP	local savings	savings gap	
1975-1980	175.6	44.2	48.3	-119.0	-294.6	
1981	701.0	51.1	49.1	-103.3	-804.3	
1982	679.4	-3.1	41.5	-218.1	-897.5	
1983	623.4	-8.2	30.3	-203.9	-827.3	
1984	577.6	-7.3	30.5	-229.9	- 69 5.4	
1985	426.8	-26.1	21.7	-342.4	-796.4	
1986	447.9	4.9	21.2	-164.4	-612.3	
1987	544.6	21.6	25.5	-99.9	-644.5	
1988	569.1	4.5	25.7	-54.3	-623.4	
1989	602.3	5.8	25.9	-51. 9	-654.2	
1990	751.5	24.8	28.8	-425.9	-1177.	
1991	667.9	-11.1	24.0	-498.5	-1166.	
1992	1039.4	55.6	31.9	-536.8	-1576.	

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U.S. Dollar in International Markets

Currency	1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS
U.S. Dollar	3.18	3.31	3.43	3.75
Sterling Pound	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75
Deutsche Mark	7.75	7.43	7.12	6.62
Swiss Franc	5.00	4.90	4.81	4.56
French Franc	7.31	6.93	6.56	6.06
Japanese Yen	3.18	5.12	3.15	3.21
European Currency Unit	7.62	7.25	6.78	6.45

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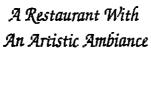
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Jordan Times

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Cairo Amman Bank

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Precious Metals				Date: 28	6/1993
Metal	USD/O/	JD/Gm	Metal	USD/O2	JD/Gm
Gold	377.55	7.25	Silver	4.50	0.104
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force battled Serbs and Croats in northern and central Bosnia Morday as pressure increased on the Muslim-led government to discuss proposals to carve the

republic into three mini-states. Sarajevo Radio said Serb and Croat fighters, enemies for most of the 15-month war, were on the offensive in a triangle of land around the towns of Maglaj. Zavidovici and Zepce some 80 kilometres north of the besieged Bosnian capital.
It said Serb tanks were attack-

ing from one direction and that Croat troops had cut all roads out of the town. Croat and Serb forces blamed

Muslim troops for the clashes but details on the fighting were hard to confirm.

U.N. military observers have so far been refused access to the area but they heard shelling and believed street fighting was going on in Zepce and Maglaj, U.N. military spokesman Pepe Gallegos said in Sarajevo.

The fighting raged as seven

YEREVAN (AFP) — Armenian

forces in Nagorno-Karabakh Sun-

day seized the last town control-

led by Azerbaijani troops in the

troubled region, Armenian milit-

ary sources announced.

The streets of Mardakert have

been cleaned" and no Azerbai-

jani soldiers are left in the town,

which is located inside the pre-

dominantly Armenian-populated

enclave, an official of the Arme-

nian self-defence forces in

Nagorno-Karabakh's main town

Stepanakert told AFP by tele-

tered by Azerbaijan but Arme-

Nagorno-Karabakh is adminis-

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Compared to the control of the contr

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members of Bosnia's divided Croat forces began the conflict as forces had accused Muslim forces presidency, made up of progovernment Croats and Serbs as well as Muslims, met mediators Lord Owen and Thorvald Stoitenberg in Geneva to discuss reshaping the republic into a con-

Muslim President Alija Izetbegovic and his deputy Ejup Ganic are boycotting the talks on the plan, already agreed by Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic and Croat Chieftain Mate Boban. Mr. Karadzic, who was due in

Geneva, warned Muslims that Serbs and Croats would carve the former Yugoslav republic into two rather than three if they did not negotiate. "The Muslims must as soon as

possible clarify their position," the Yugoslav News Agency, Tanjug, quoted him as saying.
"If they fail to do so Bosnia will

be in effect split in two parts, some of the Muslims will remain with us while the Croats will get the others," Mr. Karadzic said.

Bosnia's Muslim-led army and

announced they had repelled a

major Azerbaijani offensive

against the disputed enclave after

The latest attack came amid

reports that Azerbaijani rebels

pledged allegiance to the coun-

try's new acting president, ending

a month-long insurrection that

triggered a political crisis. Ethnic Armenian units ove.

the last year succeeded in linkin

up Nagorno-Karabakh wii

Armenia proper before they

overran Azerbaijani government forces stationed in the moun-

New Azerbaijani leader Geidar

Aliyev acknowledged Saturday

that Azerbaijani troops in

Nagorno-Karabakh were in trou-

tainous enclave.

several hours of heavy fighting.

allies against the Serbs but have turned their guns on each other in a fight for territory in ethnically mixed areas.

Croat forces spokesman Veso Vegar told Reuters by telephone from the southwestern city of Mostar that Croat forces captured two villages near Zepce over the weekend.

He claimed 100 civilians and 20 Croat soldiers had been killed in the Zepce fighting. Sarajevo Radio has reported many dead and wounded in the area but few

have been evacuated. Mr. Gallegos said British U.N. peacekeepers in armoured vehicles came under small arms fire near Gornii Vakuf Sunday. The British returned fire but nobody was hurt.

Mr. Vegar said Muslim troops at the weekend overran the village of Rosovo, a strategic point on the road between Gornji Vakuf and Novi Travnik, cutting a crucial Croat supply line. Tanjug said Bosnian Serb

Troops that joined a military

rebellion against fugitive Presi-dent Abulfaz Elchibey and later said they supported Mr. Aliyev

were sent Sunday to Mardakert and Agdam, the Azerbaijani

town that serves as headquarters for the republic's military forces

in the war over Nagorno-

At least 7,000 people have died in the five-year-old undeclared

war between the Armenians and

Azerbaijanis over Nagorno-

"Units of the Azeri National

Army, under the impact of super-

ior forces of the enemy, were

forced to abandon," the Turan

news agency reported quoting

Azerbaijani headquarters in Mar-dakert, referred by the Azeris as

of launching attacks across several fronts over the weekend and Monday morning.

It said Serb forces repelled a Muslim attack on Brcko, the bombed-out town through which the Serbs have a vital road corridor linking the land they control in northwest Bosnia with the Republic of Serbia.

United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) official Peter Kessler said a relief convoy carrying 80 tonnes of supplies for the surrounded Muslim enclave of Gorazde was being held up for a third day by the Bosnian Serb army.

Mr. Kessler told reporters that Bosnian Serb army chief General Ratko Mladic wanted the convoy to proceed without a military escort, which truck drivers were not pepared to n k.

Mr. Kessler adc d that hospit-als in Sarajevo fa ad an oxygen shortage because 5 :rb troops had taken 25 of the 98 cylinders which the UNHCR tried to bring in to the city Sunday.

Agdere.
Mr. Aliyev huddled with renegade Commander Suret
Guseinov Monday to discuss a
possible appointment of the rebel

leader to the government, Inter-

The news agency said Col.

Guseinov had requested the post

of premier or chairman of a

powerful State Council that

would have control over the in-

terior, defence and security minis-

Mr. Aliyev, the former Azer-

baijani communist boss who ear-

lier this month made a dramatic

comeback to rule the embattled

Caucasus republic, began nego-

tiations with Col. Guseinov Sun-

day after the colonel ordered his

troops to unite against Armenian

forces in Nagorno-Karabakh.

Report:

Pentagon

lied about

weapons

performance

NEW YORK (AP) — A series of federal studies show that military

officers lied to Congress about

the need, cost and performance

of some of the most expensive

veapons built in the 1980s.

according to a published report.

The New York Times said in

Monday's editions that eight sec-

ret reports in a three-year probe

by the General Accounting

Office (GAO), the investigative

arm of Congress, showed the

Pentagon overstated the costs of

missiles by billions of dollars.

Military officials also exaggerated

the radar-evading ability of nuc-

lear bombers, as well as the

Soviet nuclear threat, according

Sen. John Glenn, D-Ohio and

chairman of the Government

Affairs Committee that commis-

sioned the studies, will discuss

unclassified portions at a news

Investigators said that Con-

gress decided to spend up to \$350 billion for the B-1B and B-2

Stealth bombers, cruise missiles

and MX intercontinental ballistic

missiles on inflated assessments,

inaccurate testimony and mis-

leading reports, the Times said.

The B-1B fleet is grounded by

mechanical problems, and the B-

2 has yet to pass flight tests. Today, only the sea leg of the land-sea-air nuclear strategy de-

veloped during Ronald Reagan's

presidency — the Trident D-5 submarine-launched missile —

works, the GAO concluded.

to the reports.

conference Monday.

fax reported.



Bosnian Serb soldiers relax on their camouflaged tank near the Bosnian city of Gorazde (AFP photo)

22 killed in weekend S. Africa violence

JOHANNESBURG(Agencies) - At least 22 blacks have been killed in random shooting attacks in troubled townships south of Johannesburg since Saturday night, police said Monday. They said they found the

bullet-riddled bodies of six people in a house in Evaton township

Monday morning.
On Sunday night, four people were killed in two separate shootings nearby where gunmen cruis-ing in a car killed 12 people in Sebokeng township the previous

Police said the attacks to be random but they were investigat-

ing possible motives. African National Congress officials said they planned to visit Sebokeng to probe the killings and try to find an end to the

violence afflicting the township. Meanwhile, ANC leader Nelson Mandela has rejected demands for an independent white state by right-wingers and warned them the black majority would

fight any attempt to create one. His comments were broadcast Sunday as pressure mounted on President F.W. De Klerk to act against white right-wing extremists who stormed democracy talks

Mr. Mandela, in a television interview recorded Saturday and broadcast Sunday, issued the sharpest ANC rebuttal yet of the constitutional proposals of rightwing groups who demand self rule in a loose southern confederation.

"An independent country which is not part of South Africa, that we will never consider. I think they must be clear on that," said Mr. Mandela, adding that the ANC was prepared to consider only an Afrikaner region with

limited powers of self-rule. In a separate development, Police said 11 people were under arrest Monday for an armed right-wing raid last week against the venue of South Africa's democracy talks, as white ex-

Police spokesman Major Rueben Bloomberg said seven people were arrested Monday and four Sunday in connection with the storming of the World

tremist groups threatened retalia-

Trade Centre. The latest arrests came after Police Commissioner General Johan Van Der Merwe told The Star newspaper that security forces were seeking scores of white extremists accused of involvement in the assault.

A spokesman for the Afrikaner Resistance Movement (AWB), which led Friday's assault on the World Trade Centre, said AWB leader Eugene Terre' Blanche "warns that an explosive situation is being created by these contemptuous methods.

"Thousands of angry comman-do officers (of the AWB) are watching the situation, spokesman said. "The AWB leader predicts big problems if the situation continues.

Cambodia's interim government offers olive branch to Khmer Rouge

BANGKOK (AFP) — Cambodia's interim government has held out an olive branch to the Khmer Rouge, backing the Communist leaders' return to Phnom Penh and asking the group to join the unified army, a Cambodian co-president said here Monday.

Prince Norodom Ranariddh, who with Hun Sen is co-president in the government headed by his father, Prince Norodom Sihanouk, said the Khmer Rouge leaders would return to Phnom Penh on July 1 and meet with

Saying the hardline Marxist guerrilla faction could not be trusted, Prince Sihanouk had initially opposed the return of the government.

Khmer Rouge to the capital, "We will talk with them," he Khmer Rouge to the capital,

which they vacated on April 13 when they abandoned the peace Prince Ranariddh, after meet-

ing Thai Foreign Minister Prasong Soonsiri, told reporters here that he had also met with Khmer Rouge leader Khieu Samphan Sunday and gave him a writtten offer to join the unified army. He had not yet received a

response, he added. But he said Khieu Samphan had told him clearly that the Communist Khmer Rouge now Prince Sihanouk before July 11. endorses the results of last month's elections, which they boycotted, and that it does not

want to be part of the interim

Khmer Rouge in the Cambodian national community rather than have them in the jungle. They can't go back.

said. It is better to have the

"Some Westerners want us to decimate the Khmer Rouge," he said. "We cannot follow this way because it will mean fighting again and we don't want to fight each other again."

Mr. Prasong said Prince Ranariddh, who arrived here Sunday, would return to Cambodia after a visit of three or four days, adding that the prince had assured him that the interim Cambodian administration would honour all business agreements made by the previous, Vietnamese-installed Phnom Penh government.

Haiti leaders discuss power transfer

NEW YORK (AFP) — Talks ideas and guarantees" for a set-aimed at restoring Haiti's demo-tlement to the Haitian crisis. aimed at restoring Haiti's democracy after a nearly two-year political deadlock zeroed in on specific transition steps Sunday, U.N. mediator Dante Caputo said:

Mr. Caputo met separately with ouster Haitian President Jean-Bertrand Aristide and General Raoul Cedras, the armed forces chief who toppled him, on New York's Governors Island but there was no indication when the two principals might

meet face to face.

The mediator shuttled back and forth between the red brick

metres away, where Mr. Aristide and 40 aides arrived "We are not talking about secondary problems, we're talk-ing about the transfer of power, the changes in the (military) high

president," Mr. Caputo said.

Coast Guard Officers' Club housing Gen. Cedras' delegation of 10, and a second building 100

command, and the return of the

Mr. Caputo did not provide further details, other than to say he was exploring "conditions,

Sources close to the talks said Mr. Caputo and Gen. Cedras were discussing a possible sequence of steps to be taken in a transition, as well as a timetable for the process including Mr.

Aristide's reinstatement. The talks could last "three or four days," said the mediator, an Argentine former foreign minister who is representing the Un-

ited Nations and the Organisation of American States (OAS). If Mr. Aristide and Gen. Cedras do meet face to face, it will be for the first time since Gen. Cedras led the coup that toppled Mr.

Aristide in September 1991. The talks are aimed at a settlement that would reinstate Mr. Aristide, a populist Roman Catholic priest-turned-politician who was the Caribbean country's first democratically elected presi-

Hundreds of armed security forces were deployed on and around the tiny island off the southern tip of Manhattan, which

is only accessible by boat or helicopter. Authorities allowed only a

small group of journalists to come to the island to cover the talks. Black members of the U.S. Congress who closely follow the situation in Haiti were also permitted on the island.

Charles Rangel, a member of the House of Representatives who had breakfast with Mr. Aristide, said the ousted president was ready "to stay as long it takes" to bring to a successful end of the negotiations.

Gen. Cedras offered to meet with Mr. Aristide after the United Nations voted tough new sanctions, including an oil embargo, against Haiti because of lack of progress towards a solution. The sanctions took effect Wednesday.

Mr. Rangel, a New York Democrat, said the only condition that Mr. Aristide has set is "his return to power and those who did the coup should not be allowed to stay to do mischief and violence."

Japanese poll heralds era of new parties

public dissatisfaction with scandal-tainted traditional parties, presaging a victory by new groups in upcoming general elections, analysts said Monday.

Seemingly endless charges of corruption against both the ruling and opposition parties prompted voters for the Tokyo assembly to turn to the Japan New Party (JNP), a one-year-old party whose policies still remain vague.

The ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) slightly improved its standing in Sunday's voting but failed to regain the huge number of seats it lost in the previous 1989 poll. And none of the longstanding opposition parties increased their representation.

"The outcome of the Tokyo Metropolitan Assembly poll held immediately before the general elections beralded enough signs of change," the Asahi Shimbun editorialised.

"What is clear is the harsh

TOKYO (AFP) — Municipal criticism toward established poli-voting in Tokyo revealed growing tical parties, especially against tical parties, especially against the LDP and the SDP," the respected daily said, referring to Japan's biggest opposition party, the Social Democratic Party (SDP), which lost more than half

its seats, going from 32 to 14. "Politics have begun a definite move to say farewell to the '55 structure. This move will not stop and it should not be stop-ped," the Mainichi Shimbun said. The structure referred to LDP's grip on power since 1955.

Morihiro Hosokawa, a former LDP governor of Kumamoto Prefecture in southern Japan. beamed with delight after learning that his party boosted its seats ten-fold to 22.

"I had not imagined that such a strong wind would blow in the metropolitan election," Mr. Hosokawa said. "In the lower house elections, we would like to hoist a sail to fully respond to that wind." he said.

Meanwhile, Prime Minister

Kiichi Miyazawa moved quickly to hail the election result in which the LDP increased its seats by two to 44. The outcome was however down from the 63 it had occupied four years ago.
"The LDP fought well," Mr.

Miyazawa said as his close aide Cabinet Secretary Yohei Kono reminded at a news conference that the only parties to have increased seats were the LDP and the JNP. The financial market also wel-

comed the better-than-expected voter support for the LDP, with the Nikkei Stock Average - the key barometre on the Tokyo stockmarket - soaring 227.19 points to 19,886.76.

The LDP, in uninterrupted control of Japanese politics since 1955, faces its biggest challenge in the July 18 elections for the lower house which comes on the heels of a money-and-mob scandal coupled with a protracted economic

More than 55 MPs have bolted

from the party this month, setting up new parties that are trying to forge coalition with opposition parties to topple LDP rule. A set of opinion polls suggest

big possibilities for such a coalition with odds against the continuation of the LDP's one-party domination.

The current political turmoil began last year when LDP kingmaker Shin Kanemaru was arrested and indicated on tax evasion charges while suspicion emerged over his links with a

gangland boss. In the face of opposition attacks over the scandal, the third in four years to hit the LDP, Mr. Miyazawa pledged to carry out political reform but failed during a recent parliament session.

Angered opposition parties and LDP rebels passed a noconfidence motion against Mr. Miyazawa, forcing him to dissolve the lower house earlier this month and call for snap general

Former heroes of communism on display at park BUDAPEST, Hungary (AP) -

City officials showed off Eastern Europe's first post-Communist theme park Sunday, with statues of Marx, Engels, Lenin, Ho Chi Minh and a symbolic path that leads - nowhere. "Long live the militant unity of socialist sta-tues," read a red-lettered banner greeting visitors in mock tribute to communist slogans of the past. When communism collapsed in late 1989, crowds across Eastern Europe gathered to wrecked statues of their former leaders. Budapest decided to preserve at least some of them as a reminder of the past. Now 42 examples of Socialist realism stand in a halfacre (quarter hectare) "statue Park" in a middle-class suburb. A path from the entrance, flanked by Soviet founder Vladimir I. Lenin and a composite of philosophers Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels, leads to a 15-metre-high (50-foot-high) wall. "This path leads nowhere, just as we were led nowhere." said Janos Imre, 38, a chemist. "I brought my kids to see these monstrosities, but they just laughed." An eclectic range of Communist leaders is represented, from Lenin to Vietnam's Ho Chi Minh. Local heroes include Bela Kun, who led Hungary's brief 1919 Communist re-volution, and lesser known politicians Tibor Szamuely and Ferenc Muennich.

Oxfam calls for return of poisonous necklaces

LONDON (R) — The British charity Oxfam appealed Monday for the return of more than 1,000 Guatemalan necklaces made from beads that contain the deadly toxin Ricin. Ricin was used to kill Bulgarian dissident Georgi Markov, who died in 1978 after a poisoned pellet was fired into his leg from the tip of an umbrella on London's Waterloo Bridge. Oxfam, which fears children might suck the beads, placed newspaper advertisements asking customers who bought the cheap necklaces from its nationwide charity shops to bring them back for a refund.

World's young need more information about contraception

LONDON (R) - More than 15 million girls aged between 15 and 19 become pregnant every year and a third of them have abortions, the International Planned Parenthood Federation (IPPF) said. The IPPF said many of the world's 500 million 15-19 year olds were sexually active but adults were often reluctant to programmes were usually biased towards married couples. Many adults believe they will encourage promiscuity by giving young peo-ple information about sex. "But withholding information merely promotes ignorance, with predictable consequences," the organisation's annual report said. A study in Nigeria found abortion complications accounted for 72 per cent of all deaths of young women under 19. Some 20 per cent of girls in Bangladesh had a baby by the age of 15. Teenagers need more information about sex and contraception to halt the distress of unplanned pregnancy and adolescent abortion, the reportisaid. "Society as a whole has not been very sensitive or responsive to young people," said IPPF Secretary-General Doctor Halfdan Mahler. "A tragic expression of the failure to support young people in dealing with their sex-uality is the high incidence of teenage pregnancies and teenage abortions," Dr. Mahler said.

Two World Festival due to open in Spoleto

SPOLETO, Italy (AFP) - The

Two World Festival of theatre,

music, opera and ballet opens in the central Italian town of Spoleto Tuesday with an ambitious programme in which the Anglo-Saxon repertoire is generously represented. The curtain will go up with a performance of Puccini's opera Il Trittico pro-duced by Giancarlo Menotti, the festival's artistic director. The three-week programme will in-clude the London box-office success Salome by Oscar Wilde, produced by Steven Berkoff and with Berkoff in the leading role. It will also feature the rarely staged opera by Igor Stravinsky, The Rake's Progress, for which the libretto was written by Wystan Hugh Auden at the instigation of author Aldous Huxley. The drama programme includes Oleanna by American playwright David Mamet and as a special tribute to Tennessee Williams who died 10 years ago, there will be a performance of his play a Streetcar Named Desire. Ballet will be represented by four companies, all of them foreign: The Garth Fagan Dance Company of Afro-American acrobatic dancers, the Expresij Theatre ballet from Poland, the Victor Ullate Ballet of Spain and the Berlin Opera Bal-let.

nian separatists in this Caucasus region have for years fought for closer ties with Armenia. Ethnic Armenians in Nagomo-Karabakh earlier Sunday S. Korea to alter policy

towards North SEOUL (R) - South Korea, frustrated in its bid to settle its nuclear dispute with communist North Korea through dialogue, said it would formulate a new

policy towards Pyongyang, Unification Minister Han Wan-Sang said Monday. 'Now that North Korea has virtually declared a halt to contacts with the South, our side has no other choice but to alter policies of South-North dialogue, the domestic Yonhap News

saying.
"We are going to go back to
the starting point to formulate a new strategy which differs from the previous one," Mr. Han said. He did not elaborate.

Agency quoted Mr. Han as

Unification Ministry officials said Mr. Han and other securityrelated ministers in President Kim Young-Sam's cabinet were expected to meet this week to review overall ties between the two Koreas.

"All possible options will be discussed. But it would be hasty to conclude we are going take strong measures against the North," a ministry official said. Like a deadly game of chess, the situation on the tense Korean

peninsula is again in stalemate. A recent flurry of diplomatic activity, involving proposals and counter-proposals, charges and counter-charges, has not shifted the positions of the two sides on the issue of the North's refusal to open suspected nuclear weapons

sites to outside inspectors. North Korean Prime Minister Kang Song-San Saturday blamed South Korea for the failure of their latest dialogue attempt, saying Seoul had met his offer of sincere dialogue with a "stance of

confrontation". Mr. Kang said Seoul authorities had shunned the North's repeated proposal for an exchange of presidential envoys to discuss everything that divides

the two states. Seoul immediately condemned the North for spurning efforts to establish dialogue and reiterated that it was impossible for the two sides to pursue reconciliation without the resolution of the nuclear dispute.

The two Koreas, still technically at war since the 1950-53 Korean conflict, have haggled since late May over the timing and terms of a border meeting.

North Korea insists that only when an exchange of presidential envoys has been settled can the two sides discuss Seoul's main point of contention, the North's suspected development of nuclear weapons."

NEWS IN BRIEF

Armenians capture last Azeri-held town in Karabakh

Typhoon kills 5 in South China

PEKING (AFP) - Five people were killed as typhoon Koryn whipped through the coastal province of Guangdong, destroying thousands of buildings in Yangchun county, the Xinhua News Agency said Monday. The area between the towns of Zhuhai and Zhanjiang in the southwest of the province was the most heavily damaged when the brunt of the storm hit Sunday, Xinhua said. Guangzhou's airport was closed for the day and most sea links were cut. Damage was also reported in Hong Kong and Macau. Koryn weakened Monday and moved northwest into the province of Guangxi, according to Hong Kong's Royal Observatory.

Vietnam premier in Germany

HAMBURG (AFP) - Vietnamese Prime Minister Vo Van Kiet arrived here Monday for a three-day visit on the second leg of an unprecedented tour of European capitals. Mr. Kiet's avowed aim is to win European Community backing for Vietnam to have access to International Monetary Fund and World Bank loans, currently denied it by a U.S. veto. Mr. Kiet's 50-strong entourage includes Foreign Minister Nguyen Makh Cam and senior economic officials. The premier, who arrived here from France, is visiting a newly opened Vietnam Euro Trade Centre near this northern port before heading to Bonn for talks with Chancellor

Foreigner's home attacked in Germany

MOENCHENGLADBACH, Germany (R) - A woman was injured in an arson attack on the home of a Moroccan family in Germany early Monday, a prosecutor said. It was the second arson attack in two weeks on the home in Wegberg near Moenchengladbach in western Germany and fitted the pattern of recent right-wing extremist firebombings. Two women and four children aged nine to 15 were sleeping in the house when it was set on fire, prosecutor Heinrich Dax told reporters. The blaze was discovered by passers-by at 2.30 a.m. (0030 GMT). He said the 31-year-old mother, unconscious from smoke inhalation, was found on the ground to and taken to hospital where she recovered. Her 21-year I sister and the children escaped the flames by climbing a la r from the second floor. The family, which has lived in Germ. / since 1977, had just moved back into the house after the first arson attack. It caused material damage and suspected right-wing extremists painted a Swastika on the

Bonn praises arrest of urban guerrilla

BONN (R) - German Interior Minister Rudolf Seiters said Monday the arrest of a prominent urban guerrilla was an important step "in the fight against terrorism." He deplored the death of a special GSG-9 police officer in the shootout which led to the arrest in Bad Kleinen, a town in the eastern Baltic coastal state of Mecklenburg-Vorpommern. Birgit Hogefeld, 36, a top member of the Red Army Faction (RAF), was overpowered. Her companion, fellow RAF member Wolfgang Grams, 40, died after being shot in the head. Mr. Seiters said in a statement that the arrests of Hogefeld and Grams, who had been wanted for years," were an important success in the fight against terrorism." Both were wanted as leading members of the RAF, the 1970s guerrilla group which reemerged in the late 1980s and declared war on Germany at unification in 1990.

Sharif rejects opposition demand

ISLAMABAD (AFP) - Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif, facing the worst crisis of his political career, Monday rejected opposition demands for elections. Saying his government had a "constitutional and moral right" to serve the country until 1995, the premier told a meeting of his parliamentary party that 95 per cent of deputies were opposed to mid-term polls. Mr. Sharif, who Sunday held his first face-to-face meeting with President Ghulam Ishaq Khan since his reinstatement last month, said he had told the president that only those parties and groups with no parliamentary representation were vocal in demanding elections. The election demand was conveyed to the president through a resolution adopted by more than 20 opposition parties on the eve of Mr. Sharif's 90-minute meeting with Mr. Ishaq Khan, who had sacked him and dissolved the National Assembly on charges of mismanagement on April 18. The Supreme Court later struck down the presidential order and Mr. Sharif's government and the assembly were restored on May 26.

QUITO, Ecuador (AFP) - Mex- pos, and an 82nd minute strike ico saw off Peru 4-2 to book the last semi-final slot of the Copa

America Sunday. Earlier, Argentina has edged into the last four by beating Bra-

zil on penalties after a 1-1 draw. That means host nation Ecuador, already qualified after beating Paraguay, will take on Mexico, with Argentina facing the conquerors of Uruguay, Col-

Mexico never looked in any trouble after going into the break with a 3-0 lead, courtesy of two goals from Alberto Garcia Aspe and an own goal from Luis Alves.

By the 50th minute they had

gone further in-front through David Patino, although Peru did have the consolation of a 65th minute penalty, converted by Jose Del Solar after he had been fouled by goalkeeper Jorge Camfrom Juan Reinoso.

The game, however, failed to match the earlier drama of Argentina's 6-5 penalties victory. Striker Luiz Muller had opened the score for Brazil in the 38th minute and substitute midfielder Leonardo Rodriguez levelling in the 69th with a pin-point header

that went in off the bar. Argentina matched Brazilian flair with organisation, but struggled to contain their opponents who made the running during the first half.

But the match turned around completely in the second half as the Brazilian defence began to make mistakes.

In the penalty shoot-out that followed, five players scored for each side before Marco Boiadeiro saw his shot blocked by Sergio

Fittipaldi triumphs over Mansel

and missed his braking point.

PORTLAND (R) — Emerson Fittipaldi won the rain-splashed Portland 200 Indycar Race Sunday and Briton Nigel Mansell, the polesitter, was second.

Mansell retains an 88-74 championship lead over Raul Boesel going into the next race in Cleve-land, Ohio July 11. Fittipaldi is third with 71

Paul Tracy was third Sunday. Bobby Rahal fourth, Al Unser Jr. Mario Andretti was fifth and `

Before the rain started on lap 45 of the 102-lap race, Fittipaldi and Mansell had staged a terrific battle. Mansell held off a charging

Fittipaldi for 26 laps, twice thwarting the Brazilian's attempts to pass and nudging Fittipaldi's Penske-Chevy over into slower At the end of lap 27, just before the tricky right-left-right

chicane at the end of the front straight-away, Mansell made an uncharacteristic mistake. Fittipaldi swooped wide befire the Chicane, faking a pass and it cones and dropped to fourth place, eight seconds behind. On lap 45, with the rain getting heavier, most of the field abandoned its slick tires and went into

the pits for rain tires. Mansell gambled, hoping the rain would stop and remained on

Mansell regained the lead and by lap 50 he had a 10-second advantage, although Fittipaldi was chopping it up by two

Mansell's team reluctantly called him in on lap 52 to put on the

That put Fittipaldi back in front and the two-time Formula One champion proceeded to show his prowess in the wet by building as much as a 62.5-second lead - more than a lap - over teammate Paul Tracy.

Mansell soldiered on in third place, but hopelessly behind Fitti-

appeared Mansell was distracted It was Fittipladi's second victory of the season. He won the Mansell locked up the number-5 Lola-Ford, slid through the safety Indianapolis 500 last month.

Jensen and Jim Courier have

larger venue, the Cumberland

Hotel, and tickets were sold, with

the proceeds going to the Ashe

Kraft, the worldwide sponsor

of the women's tennis tour, has

cancelled its annual Wimbledon

money to the foundation.

reception and instead donated the

Wimbledon will have its own fund-raising efforts, while all

players - men and women -

shirts a patch showing a red rib-bon on a tennis ball, the emblem

of the sport's drive against AIDS.

money from a series of auctions

in conjunction with a national

radio station in Britain and the

resale of center court tickets.

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The foundation will receive

will continue to wear on their

Foundation.

The party was moved to a

Commander In Chief in Derby double

DUBLIN (AFP) — Commander In Chief became the 12th horse to complete the Anglo-Irish Derby double at the Curragh Sunday when he won his showdown with

French Derby hero Hernando. The 4-7 red-hot favourite followed in the illustrious footsteps of, among others, Nijinsky, Grundy, The Minstrel, Troy, Shergar and Generous to give Saudi Arabian owner Prince Khalid Abdulla his first Irish classic

The Henry Cecil-trained colt stormed clear in the hands of Pat Eddery with 150 yards to go and resisted a fierce challenge from Hernando and American Cash Asmussen in the final furlong. It was Eddery's fourth triumph

in the race and it was never in doubt after Prince Khalid's other horse in the 11-strong field, the French-trained Regency, had

Taiwan Friday.

in the world this year in winning

the women's 800 metres at the

African Athletics Championships

Mutola also broke the African

record, pulverising the rest of the

field to come home first in 1

minute 56.36 seconds, nearly five

Kenyan Simon Chemoiywo's

13:09.68 also set a world best for

the year in the men's 5,000

the silver medallist at the Barce-

lona Olympics, dropped off from the leading trio three laps from the finish and finished out of the

But all eyes were on Mutola

whose fine time was the result of

virtual solo effort after she quick-

ly outpaced the opposition.

Kenyan teammate Paul Bitok.

Sunday.

metres.

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VACANCY

seconds clear.

Willie Carson.

Eddery tucked Commander In. great pacemaker. Chief into fourth place behind Regency, Shrewd Idea and Desert Team at the start, but moved him up to third by the fourfurlong pole in the one-and-a-half

The pair then burst clear and eventually triumphed by a length from Hernando, the 9-4 second favourite, to extend French-trained horses' drought in the Irish Derby. It was 1976 when they last won it.

Third place went to the Irishtrained Foresee, a 25-1 outsider ridden by John Murtagh. Commander In Chief appeared to be aided by the tactics adopted

by Carson on Regency, who was

World Cup preliminaries

Oman beat Taiwan 2-1;

Syria, Iran draw

TEHRAN (AP) - Iran and Syria drew 1-1, and Oman beat

Taiwan 2-1 in soccer matches Sunday in the Asia Group B qualification tournament for the 1994 World Cup finals.

Iran's 17-year-old Ali Asghar Modir-Roosta netted the first

goal in the 67th minute. Syria's Abdul Latif Helou sent the

equalizer into the Iranian net at the 79th minute with a penalty

In the same group, Oman beat Taiwan 2-1 scoring the winning goals in the first half of the match. Yousef Saleh scored the first

goal in the 29th minutes, and Yunis aman the second in the 35th.

Chen Jinu Ming scored Taiwan's lone goal in the 80th minute.

Iran, Syria and Oman - with identical records of one win and

two draws — lead the Group B standing with four points. Taiwan

Iran has the better goal aggregate thanks to its 6-0 victory over

STANDINGS

Maria Mutola sets

fastest time of year

DURBAN - Mozambique's The American-based 21-year-

set the fastest time old was 0.20 seconds faster than

month.

Criquette Head, Regency's

made all the early running with trainer, admitted "I'm pleased they won the race. They had a

But Cecil denied the role

adopted by Regency had played a major part in the victory. "It was a fast-run race, but Regency was running on his own

merits and I don't think it was a factor," he said. "People will try to knock Commander In Chief down, but only a very good horse is capable of

winning two Derbys.
"He's a late maturing horse and could get even better yet. He's beaten a very good horse

today and was just getting a bit idle in the closing stages."
Asmussen said: "Hernando

took on the tiger today. There was no shame to be beaten by the winner. I guess we'll have to take him on one more time in the

Graf, Capriati and Sabatini reach quarters

WIMBLEDON (AP) — American qualifier Meredith McGrath, a 1,000-to-1 shot, gave Steffi Graf her toughest test of the tournament Monday before the top seed advanced to Wimbledon's quar-

Graf's quarterfinal foe will be seventh-seeded Jennifer Capriati, who rallied past her former junior doubles partner, Lisa Raymond, 4-6. 6-3. 8-6.

Favoured to win her fifth title here, Graf had lost only three games in her first three matches. She jumped to a 3-0 lead against McGrath to give her a 19-game winning streak, but the 148thranked American won the fourth game, then battled on almost even terms in the second set before Graf won the fourthround match, 6-1, 6-4.

Raymond, 19, of Wayne, Pa., turned pro this month after winning her second straight U.S. Collegiate singles title. She and Capriati won the national 14-andunder doubles title in 1987 when Raymond was 13 and Capriati 11. Raymond, who had played only six pro matches before

perience proved decisive in an otherwise even match. Ter when she played her best," Raymond said. "I have a lot of confidence in my capabilities. I

Wimbledon, said Capriati's ex-

match as lost it." Capriati praised Raymond's abilities, saying she had the potential to be top 10 player.

just as easily could have won that

In other fourth-round matches, Fourth-seeded Gabriela Sabatini pulled away from No. 9 Anke Huber of Germany, 7-6 (7-3), 6-0, and Natalia Zvereva of Belarus reached the quarterfinals for a second straight year, beating Zina Garrison-Jackson, 7-5, 6-2.

Graf's principal rival, No. 2 seed Martina Navratilova, faced 16th-seeded Nathalie Tauziat of France later Monday as all the women's and men's fourth-round matches were scheduled on another sunny day at Wimble-

Starting week two, the women's competition had an aura of inevitability. None of the other survivors seemed capable of preventing a final between Graf and Navratilova, winners of every title here since 1981. But the race for the men's title

was wide open - London bookmakers listed six other players as having as good or better a shot at the crown than defending champion Andre Agassi. Agassi, one of the best serve-

returners in tennis, faced his first true test of the tournament Monday against No. 9 seed Richard Krajicek, one of the most potent

The Agassi-Krajicek winner would almost certainly advance to a quarterfinal with top-seeded Pete Sampras, whose fourth-round foe was 332nd-ranked Andrew Foster — the last Briton left in the field.

Despite his world No. 1 ranking, Sampras is only the oddsmakers' third choice, behind Stefan Edberg and Michael Stich, both former champions here.

0

D

WIMBLEDON NOTEBOOK Three-time champion Boris Becker also has looked strong. And two-time Australian and Tongue twister: Umpires reading out the game-by-game scores at the Wimbledon Cham-French Open winner Jim Courier, a baseline player, would

he triumphed over South African serve-and-volleyer Wayne Ferreira, the No. 13 seed.

The only man to reach the fourth round without losing a set was Henri Leconte, ranked 75th in the world and plagued two years ago back problems so severe that his career seemed in

The Frenchman, who turns 30 on July 4, won his first title since 1988 earlier this month on grass at Halle, Germany, and has delighted the Wimbledon crowds with his reckless, net-rushing His fourth-round foe was Beck-

er, winner in eight of their 10 Stich faced 11th-seeded Petr Korda, while Edberg played American Richard Matuszewski,

a journeyman who never before

got past a Grand Slam second In two of the men's fourthround contests, no seeds were playing. Australian Wally Masur faced France's Cedric Pioline in one, and Americans David Wheaton and Todd Martin squared off in the other.

Martin was the man who ousted Goran Ivanisevic, last year's runner-up, in a five-set upset Saturday.

emerge as a serious contender if that Sarawuth Yongchantanasakul of Thailand was eliminated in the first round of the boys' sing-

> But it's rumored that he may team up with his countryman, Atia Chotiyarnwong, in the dou-

Booming Brenda: Brenda Schultz has produced easily the fastest serve among the women at Wimbledon at 115 mph (185 kph) on centre court.

The rangy Dutch player even would rank 12th on the men's list of fastest Wimbledon servers. ahead of two-time titlist Stefan Edberg, who best was measured at 113 mph (180 kph).

Fastest man so far is Germany's Marc Goellner, whose serve was 125 mph (201 kph).

Sanchez prayer: Arantxa Sanchez Vicario has a chance to overtake Monica Seles for second place on the world rankings at this year's Wimbledon. But the Spaniard will have to pull off a minor miracle to get there.

The third-seeded Sanchez

Vicario would have to defeat, in order, No. 15 seed Helena Sukova, No. 6 seed Conchita Martinez, top seed and world No. 1 Steffi Graf, and nine-time champion and No. 2 seed Martina



in the final to leanfrog over Seles.

Should any of those opponents get knocked out before their meeting with Sanchez Vicario, then the 21-year-old would remain third in the rankings -- even if she wins the title.

Quote of the day — "I'll be quite thrilled if it happens and I'll be quite thrilled if it doesn't happen because the holder of the record is a wonderful human being. If I don't break the record. I won't be shedding any tears."

— Martina Navratilova, who is three short of tying Billie Jean

King's record of 20 Wimbledons. Wimbledon competitors to honor Ashe Nearly five months after his death and 18 years after his sur-

prising Wimbledon triumph, the

world tennis community will again focus on Arthur Ashe. Over the next fortnight, competitors gathering at Wimbledon will honor the 1975 men's singles champion and raise funds for the Arthur Ashe Foundation for the

Defeat of AIDS. Ashe, who died in February of AIDS-related pneumonia at age 49, unveiled the foundation in August and said its goal was to raise \$2.5 million to \$5 million by the end of 1993.

"We've raised approximately
\$2 million," said Jacqueline
Joseph, executive director of the foundation.

This year the ATP tour's annual Hard Rock Cafe player party was turned into a fundraiser. The player normally have a jam session where stars such as pionships will be happy to know John McEnroe, Pat Cash, Luke

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France sets medal record in Med Games

CAP D'AGDE, France (AP) -France set a games record for most medals won as the Mediterranean Games finished a two-week run with the closing ceremonies at a coliseum in Nimes Sunday.

France ended with 84 gold medals in the 223 events. That bettered the previous mark of 66 golds set by Italy at Lattaquie, Syria, in 1987. France's overall medal count of 195 was 27 more than Italy's record haul in 1991 at Athens, Greece. Each French gold medalist re-ceived a 25,000-franc (\$4,500)

bonus from the French Olympic Committee. Counting team sports, that added up to more than 2.7 million francs (\$490,000) for just the gold medalists.

Italy had 126 medals, including

38 golds, just ahead of Turkey with 65 medals, including 34 golds. The former Yugoslav republics of Croatia, Slovenia and Bosnia-

Herzegovina came away with medals under their separate flags. Croatia had nine golds, Slovenia five and Bosnia-Herzegovina two. Two years ago what remained as Yugoslavia had 16 golds. Croatia lost the gold medal in

men's basketball, participating in a tournament named after its late killed a week before the games in a car crash.

The top performance of the games was the second-best 1,500 metres by Noureddine Morceli of Algeria.

GOREN BRIDGE

the previous world best for 1993

which she set in New York last

Mutola told reporters she felt

"only 80 per cent fit" and would

do even better at the world cham-

pionships in Stuttgart.

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1-Both vulnerable, as South

What do you bid now?

A.—You have a hand full of playing tricks, but little in defense. If you jump to three diamonds, part-ner has a right to expect at least one sure defensive trick outside your suit. Rebid two diamonds.

Q.2-Both vuinerable, as South you hold: **4Q4** ♥J62 ♦AKQJ1073 **4**9 The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 ♥ 1 ♥ Pass 1 ◆

What do you bid now?

A.—With both the opponents bidding, you want to jam their auction while describing your hand to partner. A jump to three diamonds does that nicely. Since you would have doubled for takeout or cue-bid with a good hand, this action is largely

Q.3-East-West vulnerable, as South you hold: **4Q104** ♥96 ♥Q1042 **4J1072** The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West

1 Pass ?

What action do you take?

A.—You have a borderline raise of opener's suit, especially if you play five-card majors and opener might have only three diamonds. Nevertheless, this might be your only chance to tell partner that, if the opponents buy the hand, a diamond lead should be safe. Bid two Q.4-As South, vulnerable, you **≜AQ654** ~Q1053 √J6 **♣95** The bidding has proceeded:
West North East South
2 7 Dbl Pass ?

(*-weak)
What action do you take? A.—Since partner made a takeout double, you have a known spade fit. Therefore, don't even think of converting to a penalty double, especially since your trumps are in front of declarer. It's simply a matter of how many spades you should bid. and we think that a jump to three spades describes this hand nicely.

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you hold: •Q964 ∵Q764 AK •KQ6 Your right-hand opponent opens the bidding with one club. What action do you take?

A.—With two four-card majors and a ruffing value, we would look for a 4-4 fit. Double. Should partner respond with one of a major, a raise to two of that suit is sufficient to confirm your extra values.

Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you hold: •Q96 ♥Q764 ^AK4 •KQ6

Your right hand opponent opens the bidding with one club. What action do you take? A .- With only one four-card major and a square hand, we feel a double is too risky—should partner respond one spade, for instance, you have no good bid. Therefore we

would simply overcall one no trump, which shows the equivalent of a one-no-trump opening bid.

Tel.: 677420 Cinema CONCORD No Where To Run Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

Jennifer Capriati

The Croatian, seeded fifth.

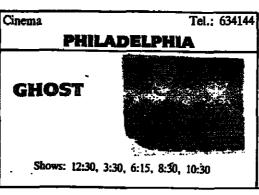
didn't even take a seat during the last changeover, stalked off the

court and was fined \$2,000 for

spurning the post-match inter-

Tel.: 699238 PLAZA Happy Eld Al Adha Adel Imam - in The Forgotten Spring Fever U.S.A. Shows: 12:30, 3:15, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30 Show: 5 p.m.

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The last two weeks - Welcome New World Order Welcome Parliament and Button

The theatre will close as of 11.7.93 in order to (start presenting two new plays:

Welcome an Arab Summit and Nabil and Hisham in School during the Jerash Fes-

U.N. prepares plan to disarm Somalia

MOGADISHU (AFP) - United Nations forces are preparing a major new drive to disarm Somahia; U.N. special representative Jonathan Howe said Monday. "It's one of the very toughest

tasks we have and the city (of Mogadishu) is going to be the toughest of all," the retired U.S. admiral told AFP in an interview at the U.N. compound in the Somali capital

The plan comes at the end of a month which has been U.N. forces in this lawless land plunged into bloody exchanges with Somali gunmen which have left dozens dead on each side.

And it comes at a time when the United Nations is in a direct confrontation with fugitive war-lord Mohammad Farah Aideed, one of the country's main militia leaders.

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Adm. Howe has offered a reward for his capture, and in response Gen. Aideed's supporters on Monday issued a "wanted" poster for Adm. Howe himself. Under a picture captioned "Mr. Animal. J. Howe" it de-

scribed him as a "warlord" and says he is wanted for killing innocent Somali women and children. · Although there is a farcical element to the tit-for-tat posters, they also indicate how deeply involved the 26-nation 18,000strong U.N. force has become militarily in a shattered country where the first foreign intervention was on humanitarian grounds — to get food to people starving through drought and civil

Throughout the strikes and countrer-strikes of the past month Adm. Howe and his spokesmen have tried to keep attention focussed on the U.N.'s

He said Monday he remained ontimistic that within its two-year timetable - by late March 1995 — the U.N. operation (UN-OSOM II) would be able to leave the rudderless and impoverished country with a working economy and a new, democratic administration in place.

Adm. Howe, a former deputy assistant for national security affairs to President George Bush, said the confrontation with Gen. Aideed over the shooting of 24 Pakistani soldiers on June 5 would be seen in time "to have accelerated the process of recovery, not decelerated it.

"Because of these events it is

absolutely clear both to us and the Somalis that disarmament must occur and it must occur

He said that while U.N. forces were already raiding clandestine weapons sites in Mogadishu which he described as "a nest of illegal arms" --- "we will do more and you will see this campaign

unfolding in the month of July. "It will start with a voluntary turn-in campaign, but we are going to disarm Mogadishu. The arms have to go. And we will use this to accelerate disarmament in the rest of the country."

He said U.S. air strikes on Gen. Aideed's weapons caches and headquarters in the wake of the June 5 attack had shown that "the U.N. can disarm by force if

By "removing a challenger" the United Nations had sent a message to others who might consider doing the same.

"The message for troublemakers is that it's time now to cooperate. If you want to have a place in attention focussed on the U.N.'s this society you need to win an humanitarian and rehabilitation honest election."

U.N. will not let Somali ment said. Asia was split along predictable lines in its reaction to the U.S. recovery fail — Ghali

cising the U.S.
Japan, South Korea, Australia

and the Philippines supported the



diplomats walk among debris in the Baghdad area hit by American missiles Monday

Iraq blitz stirs Asian concerns

Combined agency dispatches

THE U.S. missile strike on Iraq drew a call for restraint from China Monday as European commentators questioned the motives and morality behind President Bill Clinton's retaliatory blitz.

A Chinese foreign ministry statement, distributed by the Xinhua news agency, said the Peking government was deeply concerned about Sunday's attack on Iraq's intelligence headquarters in Baghdad.

"It is China's consistent stand that disputes between states should be solved peacefully through dialogue and consulta-

"We are opposed to any act that contravenes the U.N. Charter and norms governing international relations. Nor are we in favour of any action, including use of force, that may aggravate tension in the region," the state-

missile attack on Iraq, with American allies voicing support and others stopping short of criti-

attack, while Indonesia and Malaysia were with China in expressing concern or slamming the terrorism.

Officials from Taiwan and Thailand refused to comment on the missile strike on the Iraqi intelligence service's headquar-ters in Baghdad, which the Iraqi government said killed at least six

Mr. Clinton said he ordered the attack after being presented with "compelling evidence" that Iraq plotted to kill former President George Bush during a visit to Kuwait in April.

Malaysian Foreign Minister Abdullah Badawi said the U.S. action was uncalled for and warned that it could aggravate tension in the Middle East. Indonesian President Suharto expressed deep concern, citing

hopes that the involved parties could restrain themselves from worsening tension in the Pakistan said it "regrets and is deeply concerned" at the loss of life in the 'attack, although it

The Vatican deplored the deaths caused by the U.S. raid and withheld a verdict whether it was justified.

stopped short of condemning the

South Korea said the U.S. attack on Iraq was an appropriate reaction against state-sponsored

Australian Foreign Minister Gareth Evans said the U.S. strike was a proportionate response to the Iraqi government's con-

tinuing defiance.

Philippine President Fidel Ramos expressed guarded sup-port for the U.S. attack but urged Washington to avoid an escala-

Bangladesh officials said Dhaka hoped Iraq and the United States could settle the issue peacefully through the United Nations.

Yemen denounced the missile strike.

A foreign ministry statement said Yemen "expresses its regret and denunciation of this negative development, which conflicts with the U.N. Charter and the entrenched principles of interna-tional law and human rights and leads to the death of innocent

British newspapers said the U.S. raid was primarily aimed at soliciting domestic support for President Clinton and "was at best on the borderline of legal-

NEWS IN BRIEF

Two-thirds of U.S. citizens back Iraq raid

WASHINGTON (AFP) - Sixty-six per cent of U.S. citizens backed their government's cruise missile strike on Iraq, but 54 per cent feared it would lead to attacks in the United States, a poll published Monday said. The Gallup poll published by the USA Today newspaper and the Cable News Network also found 53 per cent of 602 adult respondents believed the United States should assassinate Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, while 37 per cent were opposed. But the survey found that the latest missile attack on Baghdad did little to boost President Bill Clinton's dismal approval rating. Just 20 per cent of respondents said the attack had increased their confidence in the president's leadership abilities, while 60 per cent said it had made no difference.

PLO official urges curbs on Arafat's powers

TUNIS (R) — A hardline Palestinian official, questioned the handling of the Palestine Liberation Organisation's (PLO) cash crisis and Middle East peace talks, called Sunday for curbs on the powers of Chairman Yasser Arafat. PLO Executive Committee member Abdul Rahim Mallouh said all Palestinian forces should be involved in decision-making in political and financial matters. "There is now a monopoly of decision-making in political, financial and organisational matters within the PLO by a group or an individual," Mr. Mallouh told Reuters. "Yes, we mean Chairman Yasser Arafat who is the symbol of that leadership," he added, in a rare direct criticism of the Palestinian leader by a senior PLO official. Mr. Mallouh is a politburo member of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestione (PFLP).

Masked men kill ex-mayor of W. Bank village

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - Masked men shot and killed the former mayor of a village in the occupied West Bank, apparently on suspicion of aiding Israeli authorities, Palestinian sources said Monday. They said gunmen shot Salem Takatka, 40, late on Sunday as he was parking his car by his house in the village of Beit Fajjar, near Bethlehem. He died in a local hospital. Mr. Takatka, who stepped down as mayor at the urging of villagers at the beginning of the Palestinian uprising more than five years ago, was widely rumoured to have aided Israeli security authorities.

'Fraud suspect financed Mandela's visit'

LONDON (AFP) — A wealthy Greek-Cypriot who fled home to escape British fraud inspectors in 1991 put up £60,000 (\$90,000) for Nelson Mondela's trip to Britain two years ago, the Independent newspaper said Monday. Charilaos Costa, who made a fortune with a clothing factory in London, was asked by the opposition Labour Party to contribute the money for the visit by the leader of the African National Congress (ANC) of South Africa, the paper said. "After the event, Costa proudly showed a picture of himself with the ANC leader in his car to visitors at his factory in Enfield. north London," according to the Independent. The Independent on Sunday accused Labour the previous day of accepting money it alleged that Mr. Costa "stole" from his company.

2,000 smugglers surrender in Bangladesh

DHAKA (R) - Almost 2,000 smugglers have surrendered to Bangladeshi border guards this month, saying they want to be honest citizens, border officials said on Monday. Of these, some 500 smugglers surrendered Sunday in the northern district of Rajshahi, an official said, adding that he hoped more would follow suit. The smugglers arrived at camps of the Bangladesh Rifles border guards saying they had decided to "follow the path of honest living," the official told reporters. The officials gave no reason for the unprecedented mass surrender. Independent sources said it could be as a result of the tight security imposed recently. along the country's 2,735-kilometre border with India.

Escobar family members in Chile, sources say

SANTIAGO (AFP) - Seven members of the family of fugitive Colombian drug baron Pablo Escobar fled quietly to Chile earlier this month, but their presence was stirred concern in Santiago. Chilean government oficials said Sunday the presence of Escobar family members could be "dangerous" for the country. Rumours of their presence were confirmed when Mr. Escobar's nephew. Nicolas Escobar Urquijo, held a news conference here around midnight Saturday. "I am afraid something will happen to us," said Escobar Urquijo, 24, who refused to allow his face to be photographed. Mr. Escobar, head of the notorious Medellin cartel. has been sought since escaping from a special prison facility in Colombia last July. He also is wanted in the United States.

Egypt: Sudan making tit-for-tat arrests

CAIRO (R) - Sudan has arrested 14 Egyptian engineers and other project workers following Egypt's arrest of some Sudanese on security grounds, Egyptian newspapers reported Monday. "It is not permissible to arrest Egyptians purely because a number of Sudanese have been detained in egypt in connection with security cases," Al Gomhuria newspaper quoted an Egyptian diplomat as saying. It was not immediately clear when the Egyptians and Sudanese were arrested.

Britain, Russia end cold war limits

LONDON (R) — Britain and Russia are abolishing cold war limits on the numbers of diplomats and officials based in each other's country, the Foreign Office announced Monday. A spokesman said the agreement was reached during a visit last week to Moscow by Foreign Office Minister Douglas Hogg. The agreement, which takes effect on July 1, remvoes limits set by Britain, and followed by the then-Soviet Union, in 1968 and 1971 which restricted the number of diplomats and officials to 205 for each country.

China. India to open one more border post

NEW DELHI (AFP) - China and India ended here Monday four days of talks aimed at keeping the peace on their disputed frontier with an agreement to open a second border trading post. The two sides discussed possible confidence-building measures to maintain tranquility on the border at the talks, which were extended by two days, foreign ministry officials said. No details were immediately available. Chinese Vice Foreign Minister Tang Jiaxuan and the Indian foreign secretary led the delegations at the meeting, the sixth held by a joint working group set up in 1988 to resolve the longstanding border dispute. The new trading post will be established near Shipkilah in the northern Indian hill state of Himachal Pradesh bordering the Chinese controlled Tibet, the

Greece expel 2,600 Albanian immigrants

TIRANA (AFP) - Some 2,600 Albanian immigrants have so far been expelled from Greece in a retaliation drive for the expulsion of a Greek Orthodox church leader in Albania. a police chief said Monday. They were transported to the border under the orders of Greek police in a convoy of some 60 buses Sunday, Gezim Velmishi, police chief at Gjirokaster, southern Albania, said. They included women and children and 300 people whose papers were in order, Mr. Velmishi said, adding that several had been beaten and showed evidence of injuries. They were part of a group of 4,500 illegal Albanian immigrants rounded up by Greek authorities in retaliation for the expulsion Friday of the Greek Orthodox leader of Gjirokaster, Archimandrite Chrysostomos Maidonis.

Sri Lankan troops seize rebel base

COLOMBO (AFP) - Government troops backed by air power overran a key Tamii guerrilla camp in eastern Sri Lanka, causing heavy casualties and losing two soldiers, officials said Monday. Heavily armed troops Sunday overran the camp located in thick jungle bordering the three districts of Trincolmalee, Polonnaruwa and Batticaloa, military officials said. The jungle hideout had been used by the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE), mainly to train recruits for their separatist war in the northeast,

Hong Kong rock star in critical condition in Tokyo

TOKYO (R) — Popular Hong Kong rock musician Wong Ka Kui remained in critical condition in a Tokyo hospital Monday four days after a fall, a senior official with Fuji Television said. Thirtyone-year-old Wong, lead vocalist for the Hong Kong-based rock group Beyond, has been in a coma since falling three metres from a platform and hitting his head during a pre-recording session for a programme last Thursday. He was rushed to hospital with a cerebral haemorrhage. Wong's younger brother Wong Ka Keung, also a member of the band, told reporters: "I feel very optimistic and firmly believe that my brother will recover." The other members of the band said that all they could do now was pray for Wong's recovery.

AJDS vaccine is still five to 10 vears away

WASHINGTON (AFP) - An AIDS vaccine will not emerge for another five or 10 years and therapy for the killer disease is hard to imagine, the National Commission on AIDS said Monday. The panel's gloomy final report also criticised the U.S. response to the spread of acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), an illness it said "has profoundly changed life on our planet." "America has not done well in acknowledging this fact or in mobilising its vast resources to address it appropriately," the report said. Formed in 1989, the commission frequently criticised the administration of then President George Bush over his handling of the AIDS crisis. But it admitted that under President Bill Clinton the United States had started a more aggressive approach toward the problem, hiking funds for AIDS prevention in the 1994 budget by 28 per cent to \$2.7 billion. The commission has published 14 reports and numerous recommendations and remains committed to the establishment of a "clear, well-articulated national plan" to combat a disease which, according to figures from the Centres for Disease Control and Prevention, has caused more than 180,000 deaths in the United States since June 1981.

Boy spends cold night in forest

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CANBERRA (AP) --- A 7-yearold boy spent a freezing night in a forest after he wandered away from a family picnic. Police Sgt. Peter White said Richard Connelly was found unharmed by an army helicopter Monday, 20 hours after wandering away from the picnic site. Richard's family left the picnic just before sunset Sunday in two cars. When the boy's mother, Linda Connelly, was unable to find her son, she left several relatives behind to search for him while she went home to see if he was in the other car. Once they realised the boy was missing, the police were called in. Police said the temperature in the forest dropped to minus 3 degrees Celsius (26 degrees Fahrenheit);

Colombia collects fine from deceased drug baron

SANTAFE DE BOGOTA

(AFP) — Colombia has slapped an unprecedented \$46 million fine on a dead suspected drug cartel member - and has plans to collect, a newspaper reported Sunday. The posthumous penalty imposed on Gonzalo Rodriguez Gacha for falsifying export documents will be paid in dollars and gold ingots the army and police seized from several of his ranches, the daily El Espectador said. The U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration charged that Rodriguez Gacha, known as The Mexican for his taste for mariachi music, was the number two man in fugitive drug kingpin Pablo Escobar's Medellin cartel. Officials said many Rodriguez Gacha assets would be transferred to the central bank, which has been overseeing them since 1990. The alleged number-two Medellin trafficker was killed in December 1989 in a military raid along with five bodyguards and his son Freddy. The newspaper said Rodriguez Gacha was fined "for moving about earnings from his businesses' outside the scope of foreign exchange regulations." He reportedly ran some 50 dummy corporations, ranging from real estate to ranching, car deal-erships and construction firms. The multi-million-dollar fine will be applied to Colombia's budget, officials said.

Secretary-General Boutros Ghali said Monday that U.N. forces in Somali were determined not to allow any of the country's warring factions to disrupt peace efforts.

Dr. Ghali told a summit of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU): "Somalia is slowly beginning to recover. This recovery cannot and will not be allowed to fail because of the reckless and irresponsible actions of a few

CAIRO (R) — United Nations

Ut anti-democratic elements." He lent strong support to attempts by the U.N. forces to hunt down and arrest Mohammad Farah Aideed, the warlord whose forces killed 24 Pakistani

you whose forces killed 24 reasonable soot U.N. troops earlier this month.

Soot Dr. Ghali did not name Gen.

The coid "It is in the Aideed but said: "It is in the 13d interest of the international community and of the people of -xO Somalia that the perpetrators of these criminal acts be found and that they be held fully account-

able for their actions There were no official Somali on c delegates in the conference hall -pe: to hear Dr. Ghali's warning. apr Somalia's seat at the 52-member 000 OAU is being kept vacant be-App cause the country has no recog-

The U.N. chief said the human and financial cost of intervention § in Somalia was high.

nest last December. Ninety had been wounded, many seriously. "In addition to human costs,

usis mised government.

He said 30 U.N. peacekeepers and two other U.N. staffers had been killed in Somalia, where U.N. intervention began in ear-

the financial costs of intervening in Somalia have also been high. The cost of military operations military costs for the first 18 months will likely exceed \$1.6 billion," Dr. Ghali said. He said the U.N. had established a \$160 million relief prog-

exceeded 600 million. The total

ramme for Somalia for 1993 to re-establish the country's administrative infrastructure, create job opportunities, repatriate reugees, increase livestock and reestablish primary education.

He said years of civil war and havoc on Somalia's infrastructure and caused complete breakdown of government authority. He estimated that in 1992 alone, between 300,000 and 500,000 Soma-

He said about 5.5 million Sudanese needed emergency food aid. The number would drop to 1.1 million if this year's harvest

In Angola, he said, there was country had plunged back into civil war after the UNITA opposition movement refused to accept its election defeat.

other factors associated with the war," Dr. Ghali said.

lis had died. Most were children. Dr. Ghali said the United Na-

tions had expanded its humanitarian relief programme in Sudan to cope with the devastating effects of drought and civil war in the south. "The ongoing conflict in the south of the country has made an already difficult humanitarian situation much worse," Dr. Ghali

was as good as forecast. less reason for optimism. The

'The humanitarian situation in Angola remains very grave. It is now estimated that more than two million Angolans are suffering from hunger, drought and disease. Over 1,000 people a day are dying from malnutrition and

Baghdad, Washington exchange threats

(Continued from page 1)

White House spokesman Mark Gearan defended the administration against criticism that it was applying double standards in dealing with the Iraqis and Bos-

nian Serbs. "That's just an inappropriate comparison," Mr. Gearan said. "This was a sophisticated plan of state-supported terrorism against a former president for his actions as president. As such, it is a threat against the country and every American citizen."

The Iraqi News agency said nass marches took place Sunday in Baghdad and other Iraqi provinces to protest the attack.

Ten thousand people "filled the streets of central Baghdad, shouting pro-Saddam slogans and pledging loyalty to the regime," Robert Moore of the ITN television network of Britain said in a report from Baghdad. "It was not spontaneous, but extremely wellorchestrated by the regime," Mr. Moore said.

Iraq's main Shute opposition group Monday criticised the U.S. strike on Baghdad, saying it would only increase the suffering

of Iraqi people. "Unless these and other attacks are aimed at eliminating Saddam Hussein... the Iraqi peo-

Council of the Islamic Revolution warned of serious consequences if in Iraq (SCIRI) said in a statement.

out further action against Iraq, which Washington said continues to violate U.N. resolutions en-ding the 1991 Gulf war. "We have to stay right on his (Saddam's) trail," U.S. Secretary

of State Warren Christopher said. We have to keep the pressure on and let his people know they are suffering because of his conduct." But an Iraqi parliamentarian said the tough U.S. approach was

backfiring.
"The Americans want to put us on our knees, but the more they try to suppress the Iraqi people,

the more confident they are in their cause and leadership," Saa-doun Khalifa Al Takriti said. U.N. experts charged with Iraq's disarmament resumed work Monday after a one-day interruption caused by the missile strike, a U.N. expert said in

Baghdad newspapers said Monday Iraq would never allow U.N. inspectors to put remote cameras on its weapons sites.

It was the first public airing the Iraqi press has given to the camera dispute, which has been

ticking towards a showdown for about a month, The Security Council has

allowed to use remote cameras to monitor Iraq's missile programme, which is permitted under Gulf war ceasefire terms to build only short-range -veapons.

weapons inspectors sent are not

"Ouak make Iraq tremble, and seem, will never bend it," said the government newspaper Al Jumhouriyah, keeping up the fiant tone in which it denounced the missile strike.

"Now, America is trying to close the door of the future for Iraq with the monitoring cameras in some factories," Jumhourivah said in a front-page editorial.

"This is part of a gradual method to breach and revoke Iraq's sovereignty," the newspap-, er said. "It will inevitably close the door of the future for Iraq and deny it freedom and independence for generations."

The aircraft carrier USS Theodore Roosevelt headed from the Mediterranean for the Red Sea to bolster U.S. military forces in the

At the United Nations on Sunday, U.S. Ambassador Margaret Albright displayed photos of explosives that she said were intended the kill Mr. Bush during his April visit. The Iraqi ambassador said the alleged plot was a Kuwaiti fabrication.

King returns

(Continued from page 1)

that no solution for the Palestine problem could be achieved with-

Rochester, Minnesota. Tests proved that the King enjoyed excellent health with no trace of

the peace process and British-Jordanian relations.

mad Udwan. They were met at the airport by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Their Royal Highnessess Prince Faisal Ben Al Hussein and Ghazi Ben Mohammad, royal family members, the speakers of the Senate and the Lower House of parliament, senior officials and high-ranking army officers in addition to the

ple will gain nothing but in-creased suffering," the Supreme during the first six months alone Iraqi told to bomb street, Kuwait security court hears

KUWAIT (R) — An alleged Iraqi agent was ordered to detonate a car-bomb in a Kuwait City street if he failed to use it to kill visiting former U.S. President George Bush, a security police officer testified Monday.

The United States launched a 10: missile attack on Baghdad at the weekend in retaliation for what 18: President Bill Clinton called com-'sa: pelling evidence that Iraqi intelligence service directed a plot to kill Mr. Bush during his triumphal April 14-16 visit to Kuwait. The officer was testifying on on the third day of a trial of il Iraqis

and three Kuwaitis charged with involvement in the alleged plot, which Iraq says is a fabrication. Two defendants, Raad Al Assadi, 33, and Wali Abdullah Al Ghazali, 36, have admitted in-

volvement in a plot. The remainder have denied any part in it. Police say most of the 14 drove across the frontier on April 12 in two vehicles, one of which was rigged with 80 kilogrammes of explosives, carrying 13 cases of

explosives.

They say they were on alert & after a tip-off from "secret kilogrammes of explosives was

group during Mr. Bush's visit before they were able to put the alleged plan into action. The officer told the court Mr.

Ghazali had given Kuwaiti police interrogation details of his orders from Iraqi intelligence.
"If you can't blow it up at

Kuwait University, blow it up in

Fahd Al Salem street, because

this would give media momen-tum," Wali quoted one of his

superiors as saying, the officer told the state security court. The street is a major thoroughfare. Mr. Bush visited Kuwait University to receive an award in honour of his role during the Gulf

war that ended Iraq's 1990-91 occupation. In a last-minute change of schedule, Mr. Bush gave a speech in a small hall rather than the larger

campus venue he was originally scheduled to visit. In earlier testimony Mr. Ghazali said he had orders that, if he was unable to use the carbomb, he was to strap on an explosivesladen belt, try to get near to Mr. illicit whisky for sale in Kuwait Bush and then detonate the belt along with weapons and other so as to kill both himself and the

former U.S. leader. A van rigged with about 80 sources" in Iraq and arrested the found when the group was

Ghazali's testimony has indicated that the motive for the alleged plot was retaliation for U.N. sanctions imposed on Iraq following its invasion of Kuwait.

Ten of the 14 are accused of

plotting to kill Mr. Bush and two

are accused of being accomplices - both crimes punishable by death. A further two are accused of working with some of the defendants in illegally procuring The officer, giving an account of the police questioning of the

14, told the court police had found no link between Iraqi in-telligence and four of the defendants. He said the four had been used as a kind of "cover" for the

He said police had found that Mr. Assadi and Mr. Ghazali were members of Iraqi intelligence. Mr. Ghazali had confessed that he had been chosen for the mission for "heroic" military service in the Gulf war and had received instruction in suicide missions.

The officer said three other

accused. Salem Nassir Sabeeh

Romi Al Sahamari, 34, Bandar

Ajeel Jabin Al Shammari, 24,

and Adel Ismail Eisa Al Otaibi.

44, were directly connected to the Iraqi intelligence service and aware of the plan to kill Mr. Bush.

He said police had found no

link between Iraqi intelligence and four further co-accused -Hadi Aoudah Harjan Al Khaleel Al Shammari, 42, Ali Khudaire Badai Abid, 65, Jabir Nasser Zayer Inad, 43, and Dhedn Ateyah Khalid Mohammad Al Khaldi. 38, Mr. Assadi says Iraqi intelligence ordered him to plant 10

emirate and to show Mr. Ghazali the location of the university which Mr. Ghazali has said was meant to be where Mr. Bush would be killed. Mr. Raad denied knowledge of a plot to kill Mr. Bush, saying he was told only of a plan to mount bombings. He calls himself a

smuggler, coffee shop owner and

part-time informer for Iraqi in-

bombs in Kuwait and to drive Mr.

Ghazali over the border into the

telligence. The U.S. embassy asked the estimated 6,000 U.S. citizens in Kuwait to be more cautious as a result of the missile strike on Baghdad, but said it did not know of any immediate threat.

out the participation of the Palestinian people. The King underwent medical checkups at the Mayo Clinic in

cancer, his private physician, Dr. Samir Faraj said. Before going to the United States, King Hussein met in Lon-don with British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd and discussed

Returning with the King and Queen were Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali, Royal Court Chief Khaled Karaki, and Chief of Royal Protocol Moham-

British and U.S. ambassador to